REGISTERED No! 1—1877.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,966.—New Series. BOMBAY :—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1877.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	29	Half-yearly	36
Quarterly	16	Quarterly	20
Monthly	6	Monthly	7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy ..... As. 4.

Price for back numbers varies according to time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs.	5	0
Second do.		2	8
Third do.		2	8
Fourth and succeeding insertions		0	12 As.

A line but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4 " "
Third and succeeding	2 " "

In the Native Language, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found,

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Rs. 1-0

Each succeeding line ..... 0-8 As.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

Domestic occurrences : Each—Two Rupees.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

STEAM TO LONDON CALLING AT ADEN, HODEIDA, JEDDAH, ALGIERS, & LISBON.

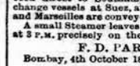
THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited) will despatch the S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander F. Corton, as above, on SATURDAY, the 17th November 1877.

The Java is fitted in the usual style of the Company's vessels, and has excellent accommodation for 24 First-class Passengers and 16 Second-class.

For Freight or Passage apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. CALEDONIA, 863 Tons, 140 H. P. Commander T. P. Nailer, on SATURDAY, the 3rd November, 1877, at 4 P. M., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle Negapatam, Madras, Callingapatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point and at any other place where inducement offers.

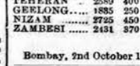
Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle by the steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

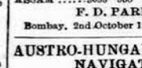


THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. PUNJAUB, 1080 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander J. Smith, on THURSDAY, the 8th November 1877, at 4 P. M., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, GWADER, JASK, BUNDERABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, SUSEEH, and occasionally at BAHREIN and MAHOMERAH.

N.B—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will, during the fair season, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every THURSDAY at 4 P. M., and an Extra Steamer on every TUESDAY at 10 A. M.

The S.S. AKOLA, 577 Tons, 130 H. P., Commander F. G. Hay, on TUESDAY, the 6th November 1877, at 10 A. M., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie.

The S. S. PUNJAUB, 1080 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander J. Turner, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 8th November 1877, at 4 P.M.

N. B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, of each month, on the 1st

For extra steamers see list given below.

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	£22	£15	£4	Without food.
Suez	36	22	8	
Port Said	38	24	9	
Messina	50	34	14	
Naples	50	34	14	
Leghorn	50	34	14	
Genoa	50	34	14-10	
Marseilles	52	35	15	

Including Wine.

Children under 2 years—free of charge. Children not above 10 years—half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—

AUSTRALIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st December 1877.
ASSIRIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st January 1878.
INDIA to sail on FRIDAY, 1st February 1878.
PERSIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 20th February 1878.
AUSTRALIA, to sail on FRIDAY, 1st March 1878.
ASSIRIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st April 1878.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation ; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 A. M. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

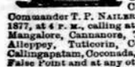
C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 7th May 1877.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND BOMBAY.

CALLING AT NAPLES ON THE HOMEWARD JOURNEY.



THE following or other First Class Steamers of the Anchor Line will sail from Bombay as under :—

	Tons.	H.P.	From Bombay.
CASTALIA	2,209	424	November 10.
ITALIA	2,243	424	" 24.
OLYMPIA	2,050	424	December 8.
INDIA	2,229	500	" 22.
MACEDONIA	2,272	486	" At
TRINACRIA	2,107	424	fortnightly
EUROPA	2,277	424	intervals.

At 2 P.M.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

To Naples	Rs. 400
To Liverpool	" 500

Passengers desirous of making a short stay in Italy, may disembark at Naples and proceed on to Liverpool by the following steamer, and passengers disembarking at Naples can have their heavy baggage taken on to Liverpool without any extra charge.

Messrs. HOLME & Co., the Company's Agents at Naples, will render any assistance, and tender any information required by the Passengers.

Passengers booked and cargo engaged in connection with the Trans-Atlantic Service from London and Glasgow to New York.

For Passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, October 24, 1877.

N.B.—The Castalia will not call at Naples.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the ROMEO, Captain Clarke, from LONDON, are informed that the vessel is now ready to discharge, and are requested to SEND BILLS of LADING with delivery orders for countersignature to the Undersigned.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. ARCH DRUID, Captain Carmichael, arrived from LIVERPOOL, are requested to PAY FREIGHT and send their BILLS of LADING and DELIVERY ORDERS for our inspection and countersignature and TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS.

No claim for damage, or short delivery, will be admitted, under any circumstances, unless passed by the Captain, before the departure of the vessel.

DAVID SASSOON & Co., Agents.

Bombay, October 29, 1877.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA—The best remedy for ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION, and the best mild aperient for delicate constitutions, Ladies, Children, and Infants, and for *regular* use in Warm Climates.

DINNEFORD & Co.,
CHEMISTS, LONDON,
And of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.
N.B.—Ask for DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.
Agents—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
KHIVA	2669	450	G. Lee	5th Nov.
DECCAN	3429	550	J. D. Gaby	12th do.
(s) SURAT	3141	530	G. C. Barne	19th do.
BANGALORE	2063	500	N. W Hazelwood	26th do.
(s) AUSTRALIA	3663	600	J. S. Murray	3rd Dec.
TRAVANCORE	1999	350	W. Barratt	10th do.
(s) MIRZAPORE	3763	600	A. Parish	17th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton ; but by the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A small Steamer leaves the New Dock Head at Mazagon, at 3 P.M. precisely on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER, Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 4th October 1877.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
TEHERAN	2580	400	A. H Johnson	12th Nov. at 3 p. m.
GEELONG	1885	250	C. Fraser	27th Nov. do.
NIZAM	3725	450	A. E. Barlow	11th Dec. do.
ZAMBESI	2434	370	A. Symons	25th Dec. do.

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 2nd October 1877. Acting Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports (calling at Galle) :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
SIAM	3200	500	G. R. Hector	9th Nov. at 3 p.m.
ASSAM	3033	500	N. Stewart	7th Dec. do.

F. D. PARKER, Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 2nd October 1877.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE, via SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamer ACHILLE, 1,313 Tons, 400 H.P., will be despatched from BOMBAY to TRIESTE on the 10th January 1878.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
To Trieste	Rs. 450	Rs. 350	Rs. 180 0
To Port Said	" 320	" 255	" 131 0
To Suez	" 300	" 240	" 122 0
To Aden	" 170	" 130	" 66 0

The steamer carries Surgeon and Stewardess, and has superior accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

The Company intend to despatch steamers from Bombay to Trieste on the following dates :—

Vessels.	Disp. Tons.	H.P.	
S.S. AUSTRIA	3200	400	on 30th Nov. 1877.
S.S. ETTORE	3500	400	on 21st Dec. "

For further particulars, and for Freight and Passage, apply to the Agency of the Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Company.

J. JANNI, Agent.

28, Bombay Green, November 1, 1877.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. AUCTION SALE of Valuable and Handsome Household Furniture, Plated Glass and Porcelainwares, a first rate Piano by Marcoombee, Pictures Lamps and Cooking Utensils, at Rampart Row, No. 12, opposite to Municipal Office.

On SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs Mehrjee Johnston and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place the valuable and handsome household furniture, &c., the property of Captain Blackmore, proceeding to England, also on the same day at 5 P.M. Messrs. Mehrjee Johnston and Co. will sell at No. 12, Rampart Row, one jolly boat, 22 feet long, and one cook boat.

Further particulars will be given hereafter.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, Nov. 3, 1877.

BENNETT and COMPANY, No. 4, FORBES STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 3rd instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a large quantity of grey and coloured piece goods.

25 dozen superior champagne, pints and quarts.

On account of the underwriters :—

1 chest Punjum raw silk, damaged by salt water.

At 1 P.M.

1 office brougham.

AUCTION SALE OF GRAIN, COTTON, HEMP, HIDE, &c.

On WEDNESDAY, the 7th instant, at 1 p.m, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the G. I. P. Railway Station, Boree Bunder.

1,200 bags of grain, linseed, wheat, bajree, rice, oorced, rapeseed, gram, cotton, hemp, hides, &c.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., AT THE GOVERNMENT MEDICAL STORES, BYCULLA.

On THURSDAY, the 8th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place.

A lot of unservicesable surgical instruments, &c.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, a first class sympathetic grand piano, by Soundy & Co., a sweet-toned rosewood harmonium, crockeryware, books, a fine collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, a handsome riding pony, &c., at Marine Lines, Esplanade.

On TUESDAY, the 6th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, &c., the property of Captain E. L. Marryat, R. E., the same comprises, red bordered dinner service, plated ice pitcher, table candlesticks, &c., handsome seasoned French polished furniture, such as round dining table for 12 persons, dining room chairs, dumb waiter, whatnots handsome drawing room tables, easy chairs, conversation sofa, chiffonier, rich Brussel's carpet, a plated double light hanging argand lamp, a first class sympathetic grand piano by Soundy & Co., a sweet-toned rosewood harmonium with 3 stop by C. Riethelmer, cots, dressing and washing tables, clothes and gown presses, wardrobes, chest of drawers, dispense articles, cooking utensils, books, a valuable collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c.

At 2 P.M.

A handsome grey riding pony.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

N. B.—The plants will be sold on TUESDAY, the 6th instant, at 5 P.M.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 3rd November 1877.

CRAWFORD and COMPANY, 2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome richly carved blackwood household furniture, plated, glass and porcelainwares, a sweet toned mahogany grand square pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, a handsome light open carriage, by Wyburn and Co., a handsome light double seated circular front brougham, by Thomas Startin, a handsome light mail phaeton by McNaught and Smith, a pair of very fast going young bay Arab horses, 14-2½ high, go in double as well as in single harness, a powerful chesnut Arab horse, choice plants, &c., at Khumballa Hill.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 3rd November, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at his residence, at Khumballa Hill, the valuable and handsome household furniture, piano, carriages, horses, plants, &c., the property of the late Joseph A. de Lima, Esq., the same comprises thin stem leaf pattern glassware, handsome dinner, dessert, and breakfast services, best plated tablespoons and forks in mahogany case, vegetable and hotwater dishes, icepitcher, cruet and pickle frames, waiters, salt cellars and richly carved blackwood household furniture, such as a dining table in 3 pieces for 12 persons, drawingroom and pier tables with marble tops, sofa, writing, washing and dressing tables, conversation and reclining couches, sideboard, chiffoniers, drawing room, easy, predieu and mallet pattern arm and without arm chairs, teapoys, a sweet toned mahogany grand square pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, chest of drawers, English-made walnuttwood settee, child's cradles and cots, superior engravings, flower vases, table ornaments, single and double light hanging argand lustres, almirs, table and hanging kerosine oil lamps, Brussels carpets, bath, dispense, and cookroom furniture, and utensils, choice plants, &c.

At 2 P.M.

A handsome light open carriage by Wyburn and Co., London, with pole, shafts and lamps.

A handsome light circular front double-seated Brougham by Thomas Startin, with pole, shafts and lamps.

A handsome light Mail phaeton by McNaught and Smith, with shafts and pole.

A pair of very fast going young Bay Arab horses, height 14-2½, go in double as well as in single harness.

A powerful chesnut Arab Horse, sets of plated, mounted, single and double harness.

Catalogues are ready and the furniture is on view.

SALE OF DRIED FRUIT.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 3rd instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms.

13 bags hazel nuts.

1 package containing boxes of red currants.

10 boxes muscatel raisins.

5 bags prunes.

5 casks muscatel rasin.

Just imported from Italy, in small lots.

SALE OF SUPERIOR 1st CLASS MOULMEIN TEAK SQUARE AND SCANTLINGS.

On SATURDAY next, the 10th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Frere Bunder.

300 superior 1st class Moulmein teak squares.

And at the Tank Bunder.

50 tons teak scantlings of various sizes, in small convenient lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass and porcelain wares, a first class mahogany grand square pianoforte by Collard and Collard, a handsome light English built open carriage, a very strong comfortable double seated brougham, a collection of choice plants and ferns in tubs, and pots, &c., at Marine Lines.

Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions from Commander G. T. Robinson to sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY next, the 10th instant, at 1 p.m., at his residence in Marine Lines, the whole of his valuable household furniture, piano, carriages, &c., of which full particulars will shortly be given.

Catalogues will be published and the furniture will be on view on and after Wednesday next, the 7th inst.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 3rd November 1877.

HOTELS.

THE CHOWK HOTEL, MATHERAN.

THE above HOTEL is now OPENED.

JEEWANJEE & Co.

Matheran, 22nd September 1877.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"ANCHOR" LINE.

S. S. CASTALIA.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

DIRECT VIA SUEZ CANAL.

WILL sail positively on SATURDAY, the 10th instant. For Passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, November 2, 1877.

NOTICE.—The PAPER CURRENCY and MONEY ORDER OFFICES will be CLOSED on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY next, the 5th, 6th, and 7th instant, on account of the DEWALEE HOLIDAYS.

C. E. CHAPMAN,
Commissioner of Issue.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Undersigned on the dates mentioned below for the following Contracts :—

Oils, Firewood and Charcoal, Cattle Equipment and Commissariat Dead Stock, Wooden, Copper and Ironware articles, Beef and Mutton, and Ice	7th November 1877.
Onion, Vegetables, Rice, Salt, Dhall, Ghee, &c.	12th Do.
Tea	15th Do.
Cattle and Sheep for Slaughter	21st Do.

Further particulars can be learnt on application at this Office.

W. KEATS, Major,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.

Bombay, Executive Commissariat Office, November 2, 1877.

NOTICE.

TO PERSONS OWNING HORSES AND VEHICLES.

WHEREAS it is believed that several persons furnish INCORRECT RETURNS of the HORSES and CONVEYANCES kept by them, and that some altogether EVADE the PAYMENT of the WHEEL TAX, NOTICE is hereby given, that under Section 109 of Act III. of 1872, any person who furnishes any incorrect or false return is liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to the penalties provided by Sections 176 and 177 of the Indian Penal Code, and that, under Section 110, any person becoming possessed of any vehicle or animal, in respect of which he has paid no Wheel Tax, is required to give notice thereof to the Municipal Commissioner within fifteen days from the time of becoming so possessed, in default of such notice the possessor is liable on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding Fifty Rupees.

By Order,
JOHN F. HUTCHINSON,
Assistant Municipal Commissioner and Assessor.

Municipal Office, Bombay, November 1, 1877.

THE LATE FIRE.

MESSRS. THACKER & Co. beg to notify that they are TEMPORARILY carrying on their business in the N. E. corner of Watson's Hotel, eastern entrance. Orders for Medical, Legal, Juvenile, Scientific, and Military Works as well as Novels, Cheap Literature, Bound Books, Latta's Diaries, and some Works of Reference and General Literature can now be executed.

The Books damaged are now to the number of several thousands in Bennett's Auction tents, where they will be sold by Auction on a date to be hereafter notified.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENT.—Large quantities of stock are on the way out, and T. & Co. hope shortly to be able to execute a good proportion of orders.

Customers who have bought goods to account during October will much oblige by furnishing particulars, as the records of town business for the whole of October and of Up-country business from 23rd to 31st October have been destroyed.

THACKER & Co will also be much obliged by the EARLY PAYMENT of OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS.

THACKER & Co.

Watson's Hotel, Bombay, Nov. 2, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given, that MANECKLAL DAMODURDASS, of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant, has contracted to sell all that piece or parcel of Government Land or Ground, in the sub-district of Bhoiesehwar, with the messuage, tenement, bungalow, stable and premises, erected and built thereon, situate, lying and being at or near Gowalia Tank, and fronting on the North side of the Gowalia Tank Road, without the Fort of Bombay, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 433, New Survey No. 7060, and which piece of land or ground measures three thousand three hundred and forty square yards, be the same little, more or less, and bounded as follows :—that is to say, on or towards the East and also on or towards the North by the property of Soonabai, widow of the late Nusserwanjee Rustomjee, on or towards the West by public passage and on or towards the South by the Gowalia Tank Road aforesaid, and which said premises are assessed by the Municipal Assessment under No. 11, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Manockal Damodurdass. Any persons having claims by way of mortgage, inheritance, sale, gift, or otherwise upon the said property or any part thereof, are hereby required to make known the same to the Undersigned, at his Office in Apollo Street in Fort, within fourteen days from this date, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and will be reckoned as null and void.—Dated this 2nd day of November 1877.

PESTANJEE KAVASJEE,
Purchaser's Solicitor.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

EXTENSION OF THE WARDHA VALLEY STATE RAILWAY TO WARORA.

ON and after WEDNESDAY next, the 7th November 1877, the EXTENSION of the Wardha Valley State Railway to Warora will be OPENED for Local and through Traffic, and on and from that date until further notice, Mixed Trains will, under instructions from Government, run daily (Sundays excepted) between Hingunghat and Warora as under :—

Down. Stations.	Mixed Train.	Up. Stations.	Mixed Train.
	P. M.		A. M.
Hingunghat	Dep. 6 45	Warora	Dep. 7 30
Nagri	Arl. 7 30	Nagri	Arl 8 30
Do.	Dep. 7 35	Do.	Dep. 8 35
Warora	Arl. 8 35	Hingunghat	Arl. 9 20

These trains will run in connection with the up and the Down Mixed Trains at present running between Hingunghat and the Wardha station of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

2. Information as to Fares, Rates, &c. can be obtained at the stations, or of the Undersigned.

H. CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, November 2, 1877.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—

By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give Notice, that the Fifth Sessions of 1877 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, will be holden before the Right Hon. Sir Joseph Arnould, Knight, one of the Puisne Judges of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same Sessions will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences, and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators, and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay, and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 24th day of October 1877.

CURSETJEE FURDOONJEE.
Sheriff of Bombay.

SECOND YEARLY ISSUE OF "CHARIVARI'S"

Prize Christmas Annual and Almanac for 1878."

WILL be published on or about December First, at the *Charivari* Office, 4, Waterloo-street, Calcutta, the "*Charivari* Prize Annual and Almanac for 1878." Price Rs. 2-8 ; or with Mofussil postage, Rs. 2-12.

The Annual will be well and copiously illustrated by the best European Artists in India. The Calendar especially being embellished with original artistic borders, of great beauty, and the whole will be bound in a richly ornamented cover, having an appropriate and elaborate tidepage.

The Contents will comprise Tales, Poetry, Conundrums, &c., &c., after the fashion of the ventures of this class periodically appearing in England at the Christmas Season. The Tales, Verse, &c., it is proposed to obtain by offering the following prizes :—

First, for the best original Tale, suitable to the season and to the country, length say about six to eight pages of *Charivari*.

Rs. 250 is offered as a Prize.

Secondly, for the best Original Poem, said poem to be of a humourous or serio-comic nature, not to exceed in length one hundred and fifty lines, or to be of less than one hundred lines.

Rs. 150 is offered.

Thirdly, for the best Original Conundrum, a prize of

Rs. 100 will be given.

Some of the best of the rejected tales and poems will also be taken. A selection of the conundrums will also be made to follow the prize ones.

Competitors should send their names and addresses in a sealed envelope with their contributions, bearing outside the *nom de plume* or motto with which their composition is signed. Each contribution must be accompanied by a subscription for One Annual.

To afford time for selection, no tales, poems, or conundrums can be received for the purpose of this competition later than the 30th November.

In conclusion the proprietors call attention with confidence to the large measure of success which attended their original venture last year, and the unanimous verdict of approval which the press accorded it. It will be their endeavour to make their second venture even more worthy than their former effort of the support of the public.

A Few Copies still on hand of "Charivari's Prize Christmas Annual and Almanac for 1877."

For Sale at this Office,

THE NEW INDIAN CUSTOMS' ACT AND TARIFF, in neat Pamphlet form, 8vo demy, 25 pp Price—Four Annas.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING, ENGRAVING, &c.

VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order at moderate prices.

Specimens may be seen at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., WINE MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT.

SHERRY: YELLOW SEAL, PALE AND LIGHT, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 17.

SHERRY: PALE DINNER, AN EXCELLENT LIGHT DRY WINE FOR GENERAL USE, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 22-8.

SHERRY: VINO DE PASTO, A GOOD GENEROUS DINNER WINE, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 26.

SHERRY: OLD DRY, VERY SUPERIOR, SOFT, AND DRY, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 29.

SHERRY: GOLDEN, A RICH NUTTY-FLAVOURED DESSERT WINE, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 29.

SHERRY: MANZANILLA, VERY DRY AND PALE, UNSURPASSED FOR DELICACY AND PURITY, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 29.

SHERRY: OLOROSO, PALE SOFT, FINE FLAVOUR, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 37.

SHERRY: AMONTILLADO SUPERIOR, OLD AND CHOICE, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 37.

These Wines selected with great care by the Company's XEREZ Agency, are deservedly acknowledged by Connoisseurs to be of the highest class.

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S

QUOTATIONS, INCLUDING DUTY AND TOWN DUES, FOR COGNACS OF

MESSRS. BISQUIT, DUBOUCHE & CO.'S COGNAC.

Cash. Per Case. Rs.	A.		Credit. Per Case. Rs.	A.
24	4	* ONE STAR, in great demand	25	0
25	4	* ONE STAR, Glass-stoppered Barrel Bottles	26	0
27	2	* ONE STAR, Decanters	28	0
31	12	* ONE STAR, Crystal Barrel 2 Gall = 1 dozen, with Bronze stand and plated tap complete	33	0
25	12	* ONE STAR, Flasks, per case of 2 dozens	26	8
27	8	* ONE STAR, Half-Flasks, per case of 4 dozens	28	8
		Metallic Tumblers for flasks	3	0
		Do. do. for ½ flask	2	0
27	8	** TWO STARS	28	8
30	8	*** THREE STARS, superior	31	8
40	12	**** FOUR STARS, extra superior, recommended	42	8

An order for 3 Cases accompanied by Cash will carry a further Discount of 5 per cent. *Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.*

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Sole Agents.

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YARROW'S

SMALL STEAMERS, YACHTS AND LAUNCHES,

WOOD, IRON, OR STEEL.

Screw Steamers, having speeds up to 20 miles an hour.
Paddle Steamers, having draughts down to 6 inches of water.

MACHINERY CONSTRUCTED FOR BOATS BUILT BROAD.

YARROW & CO.

(LATE YARROW & HEDLEY),
ENGINEERS AND SHIPBUILDERS, ISLE OF DOGS, POPLAR, LONDON.

THE "TERAI" HATS.—(ANDRE'S.)

A SOFT DOUBLE HAT FOR WARM CLIMATES.

CAN BE FOLDED AND PACKED WITHOUT DAMAGE. SPECIALLY SUITED FOR SPORTING, RIDING AND TRAVELLING, AND LADIES' WEAR.

ANDRE & CO., HATTERS, 127, NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

CAUTION.—ANDRE'S "TERAI" HATS are sold by the principal merchants throughout India, Ceylon, &c. Ladies and Gentlemen are particularly cautioned to ask for "ANDRE'S "TERAI' HATS, and to avoid inferior imitations purchase only those bearing their Genuine Stamp, with Name and Address. Recommendations from—

His Excellency the Right Hon. Lord Lytton, Governor-General of India.
His Grace the Right Hon. The Duke of Buckingham, Governor of Madras.
His Excellency the Right Hon. Sir W. H. Gregory, Governor of Ceylon.
Hon. Sir John Strachey, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor of the North-West Provinces.
Major-General Sir Dighton Macnaghten Probyn, C.B., K.C.S.I., Equerry to H. R.H. The Prince of Wales.
Lieut.-Colonel The Hon. Sir R. Ramsay, C.B., K.C.S.I., Commissioner of, Kumaon.
Lieut.-Colonel Owen Tudor Burn, &c., &c., &c.
And many Ladies of the highest distinction.

ANDRE'S SOLA PITH AND FELT SUN HATS, FELT AIR-CHAMBER HELMETS, &c., &c.

ENGLISH COODS.

VIA SUEZ CANAL AT LOWEST EXPORT PRICES.
SILK, WOOLLEN, AND MANCHESTER WAREHOUSEMEN, INDIA, COLONIAL, AND FOREIGN OUTFITTERS.
ESTABLISHED 1843.

D. NICHOLSON & CO.

Invite attention to their Illustrated 220-page Catalogue, sent (with patterns) post free.

Ladies' Clothing, Linens, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Haberdashery, Jewellery, &c. Contractors for Military and Police Clothing and Accoutrements. Furniture, Musical Instruments, Ironmongery, Fire Arms, Cutlery, Carriages, Saddlery and Harness, Boots and Shoes, Wines and Spirits, Ales and Beers, Preserved Provisions, Stationery, Perfumery, Books, Toys, &c., &c. Foreign Produce disposed of for a Commission of 2½ per Cent.

Terms—Not less than 25 per cent. to accompany orders and balances will be drawn for at 60 days sight.

Parcels not exceeding fifty pounds in weight and 2 feet by 1 foot by 1 foot in size, and £20 in value, are conveyed from London to any Post Town in India and Ceylon at a uniform charge of 1s. per lb.

Special advantages to Hotel Keepers and Regimental Messes.

D. NICHO

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, 2ND NOV. 1877.

CONSOLS in London yesterday were still quoted at 96¼ and French Rentes at 106¾.

Mid. Plantation Ceylon Coffee was quoted 1s. per cwt. lower, but other items of general produce were unchanged.

Piece Goods in Manchester were dull, and the Liverpool Cotton Market closed with supplies freely offered, the day's sales being only estimated at 8,000 bales. Spot quotations were unaltered with the exception of a decline of 1-16d. in G. F. Ginned Broach, but yesterday's advices from New York, quoting a decline of ⅛ in ready Mid. Uplands and 1 16 cent per lb. in January shipment, and reporting at the same time comparatively large receipts at the U. S. ports, will probably exercise a further depressing influence in the present state of dulness. There is nothing yet, however, to materially alter future prospects. The American receipts, although large, are still losing ground as compared with last year, the deficiency up to date being 269,000 bales; while the Liverpool stock is being steadily reduced, and before the end of this month will probably be down to little, if anything, over 300,000 bales. With this in prospect, it may be interesting to compare the lowest stocks reached during the past six years with the prices current at the time. They were as follows :—

Lowest Stock.	Date.	Mid. Uplands.	Fair Dholleras.
1871...423,880	Sept. 28...	9 7-16d.	7¼d.
1872...336,680	Dec. 19...	10 3-16d.	7¼d.
1873...583,060	Dec. 30...	8¾d.	5 9-16d.
1874...509,040	Dec. 3...	7¾d.	5 1-16d.
1875...481,760	Dec. 16...	7d.	4 11-16d.
1876...425,900	Nov. 9...	6¾d.	5 1-16d.

The American Crop figures to date show the following comparisons :—

	1877.	1876.	1875.
Thursday's Receipts	32,600	35,000	22,000
Six days' do.	152,000	167,000	143,000
Total since 1st Sept	708,000	977,000	881,000

The Bank of England return for the week ending on Wednesday shows a decrease in the Reserve of £400,000 and an increase in Bullion of £200,000, Discounts being unchanged. The position is thus a shade less favourable, the proportion of the Reserve to Liabilities having decreased from 38¾ to 37¼ per cent. The money market generally, however, is evidently easier, the rate of discount on 6 months' sight Bank Bills being quoted at 3¼ against 3½ per cent. last Thursday.

Bar Silver is now quoted by Reuter, as we reported it yesterday, at 55d. per oz., and from what we can learn this is for once agreeswith private advices. The shipments by yesterday's P. and O. Steamer from Southampton are £80,000 for Bombay and £430,000 for Calcutta, a very practical comment on the reported exhaustion of the German supply.

STERLING EXCHANGE to-day has been steady at yesterday's rates, but quiet. There is a fair enquiry for private bills for future delivery, but in the present dull state of our export trade there are necessarily very few making. Business is reported to have been done in 3 months' sight Paris bills at frs. 2·27½ per rupee for next month's delivery, which is equivalent to rather better than to-day's sterling rate. We quote on London :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 9¼d.	per Rs.
Do. at 6 months' sight	1s. 9¼d.	,,
Credits ,, 3 ,, ,,	...1s. 9¼d.	,,
Documents ,, 3 ,, ,,	...1s. 9 11-16d.	,,

On Calcutta business has been done in demand paper at 3-16 per cent. premium and for 60 days sight we still quote nominally 1 per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER remains perfectly inactive, no transactions of any importance having transpired. We call :—Fours, Rs. 94 ; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 94½ ; Fives-and-a-half, Rs. 101¼.

The SHARE MARKET has shown rather more steadiness to-day and such alterations as we quote are in favour of holders. Agra Bank shares are in request at Rs. 122, and Bombay Bank have advanced ¼ per cent. Land Companies are unchanged, and in Press Companies an advance of Rs. 5 in Berars and Mofussils make the only change. Spinning and Weaving shares are firm and in rather better enquiry. We quote a rise of Rs. 5 in Bombay United, Colaba, Marockjee Petit and Dhurrumsey, Rs. 10 in Prince of Wales and Great Eastern, and Rs. 15 in Fleming. Bombay-Burmah Trading Co.'s shares have further advanced Rs. 5.

COTTON is still dull owing to the tenor of Liverpool advices and prices may be called Re. 1 per candy lower all round. With the exception, however, of purchases on account of the local mills there has been nothing done, exporters being quite out of the market. The receipts from up-country for the week ending to-day have only been 4 454 bales against 6,150 bales for the corresponding week last year.

LINSEED is firm and in fair request at Rs. 6 9 to Rs. 6 9½ per cwt. RAPESEED, however, is still nominal at Rs. 7·8 and in WHEAT no purchases are being made in the spot for export, the quality of present arrivals being so inferior owing to their long detention at up-country **railway stations.**

FREIGHTS shows, if anything, increased depression. For Liverpool to-day engagements could be made by Canal steamers at £1·7·6 and steamers are offering to fix at that rate without leading to business. For January loading the nominal quotation is £1-12.6, but even at that shippers are shy of booking.

PIECE GOODS remain unaltered in every respect, business being over until after the **holidays.**

COALS are quiet and unchanged.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Banks.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	6 p. ct	122
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 do.	740
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	12 p. ct	6982
National Bank of India	10,000	500	all	6 do.	105 xd
Bank of Madras	60,000	250	all	10 do.	665

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Albert Mills	400	2,000	1,700	..	900
Alexandra S. and W. Co.	750	1,250	all	50 p.a*	1,100
Alfred Mills Co.	250	1,000	800	80 p.a.	1,300
Alliance Spinning	500	2,500	all	125 p.a.	2,350
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	80,000	100	100	..	87
Bhowmagur M. and P. Company	800	2,000	..	40 p.a.	1,550
Bombay United	900	1,000	all	45 p.a*	1,060
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company	2,000	300	all	15 p.a*	255
Broach Mills	1,800	120	all	10 p.a*	117½
Colaba S. and W. Co.	900	1,000	all	40 p.a*	920
Coorla S. and W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	60 p.a*	985
Central India S. and W. Company	2,500	500	450	..	630
Dhurumsey Spinning	3,000	3,000	all	35 p.a*	940
Fleming S. and W. Co.	1,500	1,250	all	50 p.a*	1,225
Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	all	50 p.a*	1,115
Hindustan S. and W. Co.	875	1,000	all	40 p.a.	1,035
Hydraisad S. and W. Co.	760	1,000	1,000	..	900
Jawraj Hallo Mills	750	1,000	all	55 p.a*	1,050
Khandesh Spinning	750	1,000	all	60 p.a*	1,500
K. Muconjee S. & W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	30 p.a*	900
Madras Spinning	800	1,250	all	Nil	850
Madras U. Spinning	425	1,000	all	80 p.a*	1,175
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co.	30,000	50	50	..	324
Mandvie S. and W. Co.	1,200	500	all	..	365
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	60p.a*	1,310
Morarjee Spinning	1,043	1,000	all	60 p.a*	1,250
Mazagon S. and W. Co.	2,000	5,000	..	..	289
National S. and W. Co. of India	950	1,000	all	..	960
Nerad S. and W. Co.	400	1,000	all	..	850
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld.	600	2,000	all	..	850
Nursey S. and W. Co.	2,500	400	all	20 p.a*	860
Oriental	1,000	625	all	35 p.a*	755
Princeof Wales Spinning	600	1,250	all	75	1,140
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	all	..	850
Sonarderdas Spinning	660	1,000	all	50 p.a.	860 xd
Do do. ½ Shares.	800	1,000	250	125 p.a.	940
Sholapore S. and W. Co.	500	1,000	all	..	990
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	all	..	..

For Share for the half-year

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New)	2,948	2,000	all	25	805
Frere Land and Pier Co. Limited	7,800	150	all	4 p. a. ..	95
Mazagon Land	1,750	2,000	1,000	20 p. a.	650
Port Canning Land Company, Limited	6,000	1,400	all	0 do.	230

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co.	150	5,000	2,850	150 p.a.	1,100
Albert Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	150 do.	915
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 p.c.	650
Apollo Press Co.	750	2,750	2,200	32 p.a.	360
Bellary	175	1,000	all	60	575
Berar Company (New)	155	500	all	45 p.a.	440
Indian Press Co.	1,000	250	all	42 do.	180
Broach Cotton Co.	400	250	all	10 do.	72
Carwar Co.	1,000	1,500	all	75 do.	6-8
Colaba Press Co.	500	1,880	all	170 do.	475
Dholleri P. and G. Co.	800	300	all	15 do.	230 xd
East India Press Co.	552	1,000	all	100 do.	915
Fort Press Co.	50	8,250	5,250	50 do.	1,100
French Press Co.	300	500	all	40 do.	360 xd
Imperial Press Co.	1,150	..	1,400	100 do.	300
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.	125	400	350	40 do.	330
Prince of W. Press	120	..	1,500	250 do.	450
Sassoon's Press Co.	600	500	all	50 do.	3-8
Scinde Press Co.	400	250	750	6 do.	420
Scinde & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ld.	100	1,000	925	165 do	1 150
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co.	150	850	all	12 p.c.	600 nl.
Volkart's United Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	75 p.a.	560

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20 21⅝	20 5 p. c.	281
Do. New £20 shares	..	£20 13 9-16	14 6 do.	26
Ditto	..	£20 6 5-8	5 do.	72
Ditto	..	£20 2 1-32	do.	32
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	—	£100	1,000 do.	1,100
Do. New Shares.	—	£18 19 5-16	do.	240

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	20 p.a.	1,980
Bombay Gas Company	50,000	50	all	7½ p. ct	85
Bombay Saw Mills Co.	600	1,000	all	80 p. a.	600
Landing and Shipping Co. of Kurrachee, Ld.	560	500	300	36 p. a.	290 xd.
Malabar Company, Ld.	1,150	200	100	7½ p. ct	6.
Mechanical Buildings Co.	1,000	500	all	p. a.	25
Treacher and Co.	1,000	100	11	p. ct	230
Vegas Patent Slip Co	2,000	250	all	0 p. ct	30

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic for the week ending 27th October, 1877.
Open 1,268½ Miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	1,39,122	15	0
Merchandize	4,25,854	0	0
Telegraph	201	0	0
Miscellaneous	412	8	0
Total Rs.	5,65,691	7	0
Corresponding week last year, open 1,268½ Miles	6,94,879	6	11
Decrease	29,187	15	11

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE, AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE SHIP STORM KING, 1,261 tons, Captain C. H. Reed, will sail to-day for Moulmein, in ballast.

THE S. S. OCRUN, 162 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, sailed yesterday for Cutch and Cutch, with a general cargo, and ninety-nine deck passengers.

THE BARQUE ULYSSE, 271 tons, Captain E. Plisson, will sail to-day for Mauritius, with a general cargo, and five cabin and twenty-four deck passengers.

THE SHIP FLORIDA, 1,313 tons, Captain E. N. Curtis, arrived in harbour on the 1st instant from Liverpool, (July 2nd), with a cargo of 1,842 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE BARQUE XENIA, 1,174 tons, Captain A. Reynolds, arrived in harbour on the 1st instant from Shields (June 30), with a cargo of 1,654 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE SHIP ADRIANA, 1,305, tons, Captain A. Sinclair, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, (August 29th), with a cargo of timber. The vessel is consigned to the Bombay Burmah Trading Company.

THE SHIP JOSEPH HAYDEN, 389 tons, Captain F. Kruse, arrived in harbour yesterday from Singapore, (September 13th), with the following cargo :—9,089 bags rice, 613 bags pese, 27 packages galangal, 25 bundles China roots, 2,016 bundles rattans, 3,435 planks, and 6,923 pieces sapanwood. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE P. AND O. CO'S S.S. SURAT, 1,994 tons, Captain Geor C. Burne, which arrived in harbour on the 1st instant from Aden and Suez, brought the English Mails, and the following cargo :—1,589 packages piece goods, 223 bales twist, 9 cases provisions, 7 packages oilmanstores, 5 packages paint, 14 cases metal, 3 packages glassware, 169 packages beads, 1,470 boxes silver, 13 packages copper coins, 1 package nots and rupees, 1 box specie and pearls, 6 boxes specie, 122 packages gum, 23 packages manjeet, 27 packages silk, 797 bags pumice, 3 packages cloves, 10 packages hemp, 1 package honey, 7 packages coffee, and many packages merchandise

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
1	Florida	Curtis	Liverpool, July 2.
	Xenia	Reynolds	Shields, June 30.
2	Joseph Hayden	Kruse	Singpore, Sept. 13.
	Adriana	Sinclair	Rangoon, Aug 29.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
2	Norwood	Harris	Moulmein.
	Ocrun (s)	Baker	Coast and Cutch.

The following vessels obtained their port clearences yesterday:—
Ship Storm King, Reed, to Moulmein.
Barque Ulysse, Plisson, to Mauritius.

The following vessels were entered out for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Siam, to Australia, &c.
Steamer Akola, to K Coast and Kurrachee.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.			
29	Euxine (s)	White	Newport, Sept 14.
	Cumberland	Farquhar	Moulmein.
	Formosa	Quayle	Fremantle, Sept 14.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 29—Steamer Rajpootana, Mecca and Madras. Ship Janet Cowan.

MADRAS.

Oct.	DEPARTURES.		
29	Vimeira		Mauritius.
	Arica (s)		Bombay and S. Ports.
	Oriental (s)		Calcutta and N Ports.

DAILY IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 2.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Marina s—320 bundles sheet iron, Ramchunder Mohadew and Co. Arch Druid—4,223 bars iron, Abdoolrehmon Sallaymahamed. Nellie Martin s—982 bundles sheet iron, and 2,035 bundles hoop iron, Abdoolrehmon Sallaymahamed.
Zerbino s—300 kegs red lead, Tezpall Cama ; 350 bundles hoop iron, Bhimjee Toolseedas.

FROM LONDON.

City of Poona s—50 cases yellow metal sheets, W and A Graham and Co ; 11 casks safety fuse, Hugh D Fisher and Co ; 4 cases soap, Allridge, Salmon and Co ; 8 cases iron safes, Eduljee Pestonjee ; 40 cases soap, Eabhoy Tyebally ; 9 packages blacking, Wallace and Co ; 3 cases silver plate glass, Pallonjee Pestonjee ; 25 cases beer, Knopp and Co ; 100 cases foolscap papers Do-sabhoy Merwanjee.
Menzaieh s—5 cases matches, Cosum Abdoolrehmon ; 80 cases matches, Knopp and Co ; 7 bales brown paper, Nasoofbhoy Ebramjee ; 25 cases matches, Allana Abdoolrehmon ; 10 casks safety fuse, Esmaljee Ebramjee ; 10 cases matches, Tyebally Soolanally.

FROM TRIESTE.

Achille s—20 cases beer, Bell, Brandenburg and Co ; 2 cases glass beads, Knoop and Co.

FROM GLASGOW.

Castalia s—150 casks pale ale, Wallace and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Arabia s—10 cases matches, Knoop and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 2.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Zerbino s—16,000 cwts wheat, Finlay, Scott and Co ; 4 bales cotton, Cadersbox Eibyhoy.
Castalia s—499 cwts coir yarn, Nanjee Govindjee ; 1,800 cwts wheat ; Purbhoodass Vishhoocundass ; 3,993 cwts wheat, Saterna Hobart and Co ; 67 bales cotton, 9 Mamajhee ; 1,600 cwts wheat, Khimjee Luckmedas and Co ; 975 cwts myrabolams, Soondersdas Damoder ; 60 bales rags and 44 bales cotton, Jetha Cullianjee.

FOR GLASGOW.

Castalia s—80 tons old iron, W and A Graham and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Madras s—750 cwts gingellyseed, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 1,393½ cwts rapseed, Finlay, Scott and Co ; 20 bales skins, Ahmedsaheb A Rehemun and Co ; 26 bales hides, Goolamhoosein Parpia ; 5 bales hides, Ebram Peerbhoy ; 4 bales skins, Cadersbux Eibyhoy.
Khiva s—124 cwts E teeth, J P Khaludina ; 3 cases T shells, Nathoobhoy Goolamhoosein ; 1 case T shells, Dawoodbhoy Hassum ; 12 cases chundroose, 30 cases M-of-P shells, 32 bags cowdies, 5 5 cases fishmaws, and 3 bales skins, Dhurrumsey Veljee ; 25 bales hides, Khemshamed Nemee ; 7 bales hides, Esmailbhoy Russoolbhoy ; 22½ cwts E teeth, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy ; 14 bundles E teeth, Remtoola Goolam Mahamed ; 11 packages M-of-P shells, Dhurumsey Veljee.

FOR ANTWERP.

Cydonia s—250 cwts linseed, Finlay, Scott and Co.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Deccan s—88 cases tea, W Nicol and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Achilles s—50 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co.

FOR ANCONA.

Deccan s—7 bales hides and 12 bales skins, W Nicol and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
BOMBAY, 1st November 1877.
Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·885
Temperature of the Air	82·6
Wet Bulb Thermometer	74·3
Dew Point	71·8
Relative humidity of Air	·705
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m)	88·1
Minimum do. do. (read at 9-30 a. m.).	76·2
General Direction of wind	ENE, NE, ENE, ESE, NW, WNW, NW, NNW, NNE, E.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	238.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 30.

Edwards, Col, Bombay Dy Qr Mr Gl, on duty, from Poona.

NOVEMBER 1.

Rowley, Lieut Col, Bengal R A, on duty, from Agra.
Haig, Col, Bombay R A, on leave, from Ahmednuggur.
Hawkes, Lieut Col, Madras staff Corps, from leave, from England
Anderson, Major, Bombay 1st Cavalry, on leave, from Poona.
Kings, Capt, Bombay Supt Army School, on duty, from Poona.
Thorp, Dy Surg General, Bengal I M D, from leave, from England.
Hammond, Lieut, Bengal 4th Rifle Brigade, on exchange, from England.
Rawline, Col, Bengal 1st Goorkha, from Medl Cert, from England
Garratt, Capt, Bombay 66th Regt, on leave, from Deolalee.
McGhee, Capt, Madras Staff Corps, to join, from England.
Marshall, Capt, Bengal R E, to join, from England.
Stevens, Capt, Bombay 3rd Light Cavalry, on duty, from Aden.
Gurdner, Surg, Bombay A M D, to join, from Deolalee.
Hogg, Lieut Col, Bombay Dy Qr Mr Gl, to rejoin, from England.
Prendergast, Capt, Bombay A M D, on duty, from Aden.
Graves, Lieut, Bengal 31st P Infantry, from leave, from England.

NOVEMBER 2.

Jopp, Sub Lieut, Bombay 48th Regt, on exchange, from Secundrabad.
Stevens, Lieut, Madras R A, on leave, from Kamptee.
Rundle, Lieut, Madras 22nd Regt N I, on leave, from Kamptee.
Tupper, Col, Bengal R A on duty, from Umballa.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 2.

Heiles, Col, Bombay R A, from leave, to Ahmednugger.
Price, Lieut, Bengal 21st Regt, from leave, to Deolalee.
Oxley, Capt, Bengal 92nd Highlanders, from leave, to Deolalee.
Marshall, Capt, R E. from leave, to Allahabad.
McGhee, Capt, Madras Staff Corps, to join to Madras
Stevens Capt, Bombay 3rd Light Cavalry, to rejoin, to Neemuch.

MADRAS GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Fort St. George Gazette*, October 30.)

Surgeon-Major W H Harris, M D, Superintendent, Lying-in-Hospital, Madras, privilege leave for two months on medical certificate.

Mr R Williams, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Kurnool division, two months' and four days' privilege leave on medical certificate.

Mr H Boileau, Acting Deputy Conservator, in charge of Godavery Forests, to act as Deputy Conservator of Forests, Kurnool Division.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Colonel F P L O'Connell, R E, Superintending Engineer, North-West Provinces, to be District Engineer, Chingleput (Officiating).

Colonel P J Moberly, R E, Executive Engineer, and Officiating Superintending Engineer, to be District Engineer, Bangalore

Major H M Vibart, R E, Executive Engineer, to be District Engineer, Trichinopoly.

The services of the undermentioned Officers have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of India :—Mr F Taylor, Executive Engineer, Bengal Irrigation. Mr G T St A Nixon, Assistant Engineer, Bengal Irrigation.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The following transfers are ordered of Officers in charge of Pensioners, and Holders of Family Certificates :—Major R C Budd, from Madras to Trichinopoly. Major W Chisholm, from Trichinopoly to Madras.

The services of Brevet-Colonel T J Maclachan, R A, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

Lieut-Colonel T I M Hog, Commissary of Ordnance, 1st Class, having returned from furlough, the services of Major R T Hamond, are replaced at the disposal of H E the Commander-in-Chief.

Major F H Vanderzee, Wing Officer 24th N I, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs for 1 year, 5 months and 2 days.

Captain A V Chick, Squadron Officer 1st Light Cavalry, is allowed furlough for one month on medical certificate.

Captain R Hunter, Acting Sub-Assistant Commissary-General, has passed the final examination prescribed for the Commissariat Department.

The services of Surgeon C.I. Swaine, Indian Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of the Resident at Hyderabad, for employment, temporarily, with the 4th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, vice Surgeon-Major Crocker on furlough.

MADAME CARLOTTA TASCA,

Begs to announce that she is prepared to receive pupils for the Pianoforte, Organ and Harmony. Communications may be addressed care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

MR. ALFRED PLUMPTON

Begs to announce that he is prepared to receive pupils for Singing, Piano, Harmonium, Violin and Harmony. Communications may be addressed care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

J. J. L. & B. DAVIS,
SURGEON DENTISTS,
7, RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

PAINFUL and aching Teeth medically treated and filled, thereby avoiding extraction and rendering them perfectly sound and useful for mastication.
N.B.—Charges strictly moderate.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

THERE will be a GENERAL PARADE at 5 p.m. TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) at the Town Hall, from whence the Corps will march to the Parade Ground to be inspected by the Honorary Colonel.

All those who have not already received their Belts, Pouches, and Slings, are requested to attend at the Head-Quarter Office to receive them.

The Dress for Parade To-morrow will be White Uniform, Forage Caps, Belt, Pouch, and Bayonet.

By Order,
T. DUNNE, Lieut. and Adjutant.

November, 2, 1877.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RS THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

GREIG—October 22nd, at Kirkee, the wife of Major P. H. Greig, R. A., of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CAMPBELL—October 24th, at Murdan, the wife of Major R. B. Campbell, (Q O) Corps of Guides, of a son.
HILLOCK—October 25th, at Calcutta, the wife of J Brunswick Hullock, (Asst. Secy., C. M. Society,) of a son.
KNYVETT—October 24th, at Mothari, Champarun, the wife of A. V. Knyvett, D.S. P.lice, of a daughter.
KEENE—October 30th, at Agra, the wife of Mr. H. G. Keene, C. S., of a daughter.
LUCIARZ—October 31st, at Madras, the wife of Mr. T. A. D. Luciarz, of a daughter.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1877.

IT is startling to find, on reading the files of English papers received by last mail, how few of the military critics, or even of the correspondents at the seat of war, appear to have foreseen the possibility of the early and complete breakdown of Turkish resistance to the arms of Russia. As regards the correspondents, their means of getting accurate information have been so greatly reduced by the order forbidding them to go near the Russian positions that the information they can send has lost much of its value. The critics at home, indeed, had much better opportunities of judging what was going on, as they had the advantage of seeing official despatches from both sides; but the Russians seem to make it a rule to state what happens as concisely and accurately as possible, and to wait till the end of certain operations has either been achieved or fallen short of before saying anything at all, while the Turks write the most glowing accounts from day to day, and sometimes from hour to hour, of victories won which turn out afterwards to have been at the best but imperfect successes and sometimes even disastrous defeats. The writers in the English Press, misled by their sympathies, seem to have accepted, almost unanimously and without mistrust, Ghazi Ahmed Mukhtar's telegrams describing his battles in the early part of last month; though the *Times'* critic certainly remarks that, if the Turks were so successful as their general tried to make out in repulsing the Russian attacks, it was odd that the Russians should have approached so near to Kars as to come within range of the guns of that fortress. We may without presumption take credit to ourselves for having, with but meagre telegrams to guide us, ganged more accurately than the London papers did the real progress of the campaign in Armenia. Turning to the war in Bulgaria, we have it confidently asserted in nearly all the English papers that Chefket Pasha had succeeded in entering Plevna with a large force of infantry and an immense convoy of ammunition and provisions. This assertion credits the Turks with a success they do not even claim for themselves, for it is made in face of the following Turkish telegrams by which it is most distinctly refuted :—

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 10.

A despatch from Chefket Pasha, dated Kemerkuprü, the 8th inst., says :—

"We left Lukovitza and arrived here yesterday. The swollen state of the river at Radomirtza caused by the incessant rain hinders the repair of the Kemer Bridge. The Infantry with their baggage have, however, passed, and *the convoy of wagons are awaiting the completion of the repairs in order to continue their route to Plevna.* Communications with Orchanie are now free, there being no trace of the enemy, and consequently no fighting."

The following despatch, dated Kemerkuprü, the 9th inst., has also been received here :—

"Yesterday evening a junction was effected at Telich between the Cavalry of the advanced guard of the Division that left Orchanie and the column despatched from Plevna. Every road between Orchanie and Plevna is secured, and is freely traversed by the daily couriers. We occupy the Kemer Bridge. Chefket Pasha, escorted by a regiment of cavalry, left yesterday evening to join Ghazi Osman Pasha."

Up to the 10th of October, therefore, even the sanguine compilers of telegrams at Constantinople did not venture to assert that Plevna had been effectually relieved. The telegrams—which are the latest published in the home papers—probably describe fairly enough the real state of things. Chefket Pasha, on reaching Radomirtza, a small town or village situated on a tributary of the river Isker, about thirty miles to the south-west of Plevna, found the bridge had been broken down, and the river was so swollen with the rains as to be unfordable. He, however, got some of his infantry across, and pressed forward himself with an escort of cavalry to meet the troops sent out from Plevna. This meeting must have taken place at Telish or Dubnik, the two remaining stations of importance on the road to Plevna, and the garrisons of these towns were probably formed of detachments from both Osman's and Chefket's armies. Chefket himself seems to have gone back to Radomirtza to hasten forward the convoy, which can hardly have crossed the Isker and moved on to Plevna before General Gourko's force was swarming about the country between the Isker and the Vid and rendering the progress of a heavy train of waggons quite impracticable. We know that Dubnik was taken by the Russians on the 24th, and that Telish has since surrendered; and now we are told that Chefket Pasha is flying from Radomirtza, pursued by Russian cavalry. It will be a lucky thing for him if he is not caught, or the Russians may try him for the share he had in last year's massacres. We should think it likely that a large portion of the convoy intended for Plevna has fallen into the hands of General Gourko's force. The investment of Plevna itself seems to have been completed by the advance of the Roumanians from the north, on the left bank of the Vid, to give the hand to the victorious Russians on the south and south-west of Osman's positions; and the Servians will now perhaps take courage to declare war against Turkey. The advance of Zimmerman's army towards Silistria may help to account for the inactivity of Suleiman Pasha, who remains apparently on the defensive at Rasgrad. There have been signs, however, of a Russian demonstration against Eski Djums, which would force him to fall back hurriedly from Rasgrad to the entrenched camp at Shumla. The Egyptians, under Prince Hassan, who by all accounts behaved very badly while attached to Mehemet Ali's Army, have been sent away by Suleiman to garrison Varna. The Porte has called for a fresh supply of soldiers, but is not very likely to get them, and we shall not be surprised if Turkey sues for peace before the end of the year. The Pashas at Constantinople are wise in their generation, and, when they cannot get what they want, try to keep all they have left.

LORD GEORGE HAMILTON, in his recent speech on the Indian Famine, offered the following justification of the legality of Lord Lytton's action in taking the management of the Famine in Madras out of the hands of the Governor in Council and entrusting it to the Governor alone :

"I am somewhat surprised to see that this "act of Lord Lytton is criticised as contrary to "the Act of Parliament by which the Madras "Government consists of a Governor and Coun-"cil. By no Act of Parliament or otherwise "have the Madras Government any power to "spend the revenues of India in relieving a "famine in their Presidency. If the Supreme "Government sanction an enormous expenditure "for that purpose they have an undisputed right "to fix the conditions under which the money "is to be spent." In putting forward this defence of the Viceroy, the Under-Secretary of State for India confounds what is desirable or expedient with what is legal. We have ourselves contended that, so long as the Government of India is responsible for the proper expenditure of the whole revenue of India, it ought to possess the power of interfering to check the extravagance of a subordinate Government. But it is quite a different question if the Indian Councils Act actually reserves to the Supreme Government the right of direct interference which Lord Lytton claimed and exercised last August. That Act authorizes and requires members of Council in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay to see all important papers and be associated with the Governor in all administrative business; and the Councillors cannot, unless they choose at the same time to resign office, resolve to relieve themselves of duties they have been appointed by Parliament, acting in the public interest, to fufil. Lord George Hamilton maintains that famine relief administration is an exceptional work with which the Provincial Governments have really nothing to do; but we do not know what warrant he has for this argument. The expenditure of public money for whatever purpose, in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, is necessarily conducted by the Governors in Council of those Presidencies; and, although the powers of the Viceroy personally are so large and undefined that he might, we suppose, if he liked to remain in Madras or Bombay, supersede temporarily the Provincial Government and do all the work of administration himself, still there can be no doubt that it is unconstitutional for him to set aside the Indian Councils Act and substitute in either of the Presidencies the rule of the Governor alone for that of the Governor in Council. Moreover, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred the Government of India can very easily check lavish expenditure by a Provincial Government. All it has to do is to refuse to grant any more money, and it does not, as a rule, hesitate to take this course. But, when money is demanded for famine relief, there is a difficulty in meeting the demand with an absolute refusal; and the Government of India found itself a few months ago placed in this awkward predicament, that the Constitution left it the choice of only two alternatives: either it must let the wasteful mismanagement in Madras go on till there remained no more cash in the Treasury, or it must require from the Secretary of State the dismissal of the Governor of Madras and his colleagues for incompetency. It could not let itself be made bankrupt; but, on the other hand, if it stopped the supplies, what a hue and cry the Madras Government would have raised at home, protesting against the inhumanity of Lord Lytton, and suggesting that it was he who should be recalled. The controversy would have raged furiously, and the result might have been doubtful; for the English people dearly love a Duke, and would have eagerly rushed to the conclusion that his Grace of Buckingham had interposed his authority to protect the poor natives of this country from being starved to death by orders of the brutal Anglo-Indian Government. To avoid this public scandal Lord Lytton had the diplomatic dexterity to find a middle course. He persuaded the members of the Madras Council to cease meddling with the Famine, and gave the Duke of Buckingham as Personal Assistant a Bombay officer who has really become the Duke's Mayor of the Palace. The Madras Government has, in fact, been treated after the fashion in which Native Princes were dealt with by vigorous Governors-General during the era of annexation. There being no Native States now left to annex, the reigning Prince of Madras (the Duke of Buckingham) has, at his own request, had his wicked ministers (the members of Council) removed from office, and has been provided with an excellent adviser in the person of a keen-sighted and resolute British Resident (General Kennedy), who has taken all the trouble of governing the country off his Grace's hands and is likely to make Madras a model principality. That this change was necessary, we frankly allow; that it has done much good, the rapidly dissolving host of famine relief paupers in Madras clearly proves; but it was none the less illegal, and it should receive at the earliest moment the sanction of Parliament. So long as the Government of India collects the revenues of all the Presidencies, it should, we think, be invested with the right to assume a temporary dictatorship in rare emergencies; but, to prevent the abuse of this power, every case in which it is used should be submitted for the special sanction of the Parliament of England.

A MAN is bl

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

ADVANCE OF ZIMMERMAN'S ARMY.

LONDON, Nov. 2.

Latest news from the seat of war in Bulgaria states, that General Zimmerman, commanding the Russian army in the Dobrudscha, is marching with his forces towards Kuzzun, to the east of Silistria, which fortress he intends investing.

THE SIEGE OF PLEVNA.

No news has been received of the operations around Plevna for several days past, but it is believed that the Russians and Roumanians have now completely invested the place.

THE CAPTURES AT DUBNIK AND TELISH.

A Russian official despatch states, that in the late battles at Dubnik and Telish the Russians altogether took 6,800 Turkish troops and 200 officers prisoners.

MOVEMENTS OF CHEFKET PASHA.

Chefket Pasha has left Radomirtza and is being pursued by Russian cavalry.

THE TOTAL RUSSIAN LOSSES.

The total losses sustained by the Russians up to the 25th October amount to 62 000 men.

MOBILIZATION OF TURKISH RESERVES.

The Porte has ordered the mobilization of 165,000 Turkish Reserves and 62,000 conscripts.

THE WAR IN ARMENIA.

Advices from Armenia state that the Russians have occupied Kuprikoi.

THE INCOMING MAILS.

ADEN, Nov. 2.

The P. and O. Steamer Australia, with the outward London Mails of 19th ultimo, left here for Bombay at 6 p.m. this evening.

LONDON, Oct. 1, Apr.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed with supplies freely offered. Sarats freely offered.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera 5 3/16

The Manchester Market has been dull.

3 per cent. Consols for account..... 96¼

6 per cent. French Rente, 1872 .... 106½

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

Reserve of Notes ..	£ 8 960,000....	Dec. £400,000
Bills Discounted ..	£18,600,000....	unchanged.
Bullion	£22,800,000....	Inc. £200,000

The proportion of the Reserve to the Liabilities is 37½ per cent.

Arrival—Amy Dora.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

Latest Messages received up to 8 p.m. yesterday :—

	Greenwich Time.	Average Time in Transit. H. M.
FROM UNITED KINGDOM—		Latest Date.
Via Teheran (perfect) ..	2nd— 1-16 p.m.	1 16
„ Turkey (Interrupted beyond Bushire.)		
„ Suez (perfect) ..	2nd— 2-45 p.m.	1 12
FROM CONTINENT OF EUROPE—		
Via Teheran (perfect) ..	1st— 9-26 p.m.	nil.
„ Turkey (Interrupted)		
„ Suez (perfect) ..	2nd—10-25 a.m.	nil.
FROM AMERICA—		
Via Teheran (perfect) ..	No messages.	
„ Turkey (Interrupted)		
„ Suez (perfect) ..	1st—No time	
FROM CHINA—		
Via Amoor (interrupted between Gutzlaff and Nagasaki)		
„ Singapore (perfect) ..	30th Oct—2-20 p.m.	
FROM AUSTRALIA—		
Via Singapore (perfect) ..	No messages.	

INDIAN BRANCH.

	Max. Hrs.	Mts.	Min. Hrs.	Mts.
From Calcutta....	2	36	0	5
„ Galle		nil.		nil.
„ Kurrachee ..	0	9	0	1
„ Madras	0	44	0	10

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, 2ND Nov., 4-50 P.M.

Steamer Cathay, from Aden, arrived.

RATES OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Bank Bills on demand	...1s. 9¼d.	per Re
Do. at 6 months' sight..1s. 9¾d.		„
Credits, „ 3 „ „	...1s. 9¾d.	„
Documents, 3 „ „	...1s. 9 1-16d.	„

MR. PEDDER being still considered on leave, he has not yet rejoined the Municipality, so that Mr. Grant is still acting as Municipal Commissioner.

THE natives are having the lion's share of Sir Richard Temple at present; and he seems to like it. On Thursday night he addressed a crowd of them at Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy's, and yesterday he met some enterprising Calcutta Baboos in the Secretariat and made a speech to them also.

MR. G. DRUITT, C. S., Assistant Judge of Poona, has been temporarily attached to the Political Department of Government, to clear off the appeals made by the Mahratta Chiefs and Sirdars against the Political Agents.

BABU MOTHURA NATH, additional munsif of Tippera, has been sentenced by the Sessions Judge to rigorous imprisonment for five years. He has appealed to the High Court against the sentence.

IT seems that the late Kumar Grish Chunder Sing of Paikpara left by his will a munificent bequest of Rs. 1,15,000 for the erection and maintenance of a hospital at Kandi, in the district of Moorshedabad, the original seat of his family. We also hear that the late Baboo Choonilal Seal has bequeathed an endowment of Rs. 50,000 to the Calcutta Medical College.

A NOBLE contribution (says the *World*) towards the relief of the sufferers in the Indian famine may be shortly expected from an unlooked-for source. A large sum of money, it may be remembered, was raised in this country during the American Civil War, more than a dozen years ago, to aid the thousands of operatives thrown out of work in the cotton districts of Lancashire. Notwithstanding that a convalescent hospital in Buxton was built out of the fund remaining after the relief of the famished operatives, and that a further grant of 12,000*l.* for the extension of the hospital has just been ordered by the Charity Commissioners, there will still remain in the hands of the trustees about 140,000*l.* It is proposed, therefore, to devote some 15,000*l.* of this sum as a contribution from Lancashire workpeople to their suffering fellow subjects in India, and the matter has been referred to Lord Derby for decision.

IT having been brought to the notice of the Government of India that legal-tender copper coin is circulating this year at a discount in Southern India, to the injury of the poor, the Governor General in Council by a Resolution in the Financial Department has directed the free exchange of silver for all such copper coin in parcels of the nominal value of not less than two rupees at every treasury, sub-treasury, and currency office throughout British India and in Mysore and Berar, and also (in anticipation of the consent of the Directors) at the Presidency Banks and their Branches. It is further ordered that wherever large bodies of men are assembled on public works or otherwise, the local authorities are to make special arrangements to supply silver on the spot in exchange for the copper coin which may be collected by the purveyors or foremen at such assemblages.

THE Calcutta correspondent of the *Times* remarks that the people in Eastern Bengal "are described as showing signs of rapid prosperity in consequence of the development of the jute trade. They are stated in the official report to be well housed, well fed, and well clothed, the wives and children wearing ornaments and using metal instead of earthenware utensils. This is a marked illustration of the boundless wealth which awaits development in India if the Government will only devote its energies to opening up its resources, instead of being, as it now is, one of the poorest countries in the world. Its capabilities for weal h are infinite and almost inexhaustible, but such stern official jealousy prevails that independent Europeans are afraid to risk capital and bestow labour outside Presidency towns. The Government ought to invite and protect capitalists, and foster individual enterprise by every means in its power."

THE valuable prizes to be run for at the forthcoming Calcutta races are increasing. Sir Salar Jang has given a handsome cup, for which gentlemen who object to compete against the professionals will be able to have it all to themselves, and which will afford the members of the Ballygunge Steeple Chase Association an opportunity of trying their horses.

THE *Englishman* hears that 1,200 coolies and 3,000 mules will be required for the conveyance of the impedimenta of the Viceregal party in their tour through the hills. Complaints always arise on the occasion of such Viceregal excursions of the injustice done to the coolies in the matter of pay. Both men and animals are collected for days before they are actually required, but only paid for the day or days on which they actually work. This is undoubtedly unfair, for as both men and beasts are prevented from working elsewhere, it is only a matter of simple justice that payment should be made for the whole time.

THE following significant warning to the Native Press appears in the *Times'* Calcutta letter :—"Public attention is still concerned with the tone of the Native Press, which appears to grow daily more seditious and insolent in tone. The cause is, probably, nothing more than the novel feeling of delight arising from the absolute and licensed freedom to abuse those in authority, unrestrained by the sense of decency and propriety which governs the freedom of the English Press. It cannot be doubted, however, that the consequences may be mischievous, and, unless its tone be greatly moderated, active measures will be taken before long to compel respect for decency and law."

THE *Madras Mail* makes the following announcement :—"The Hon'ble J. G. Coleman, Proprietor of the *Athenæum and Daily News*, has made an offer for the good-will of the *Madras Times*, which the executors of the late Proprietor of that journal have been urged to accept. In the event of the purchase being completed, it is Mr. Coleman's intention to amalgamate the *Madras Times* with its senior, the *Athenæum and Daily News*. The *Athenæum* has already absorbed the *Indian Statesman* and the *Madras Daily News*; and it will probably now annex the *Madras Times* which has absorbed the *Madras Spectator* and the *Madras Examiner*. In all probability Mr. Trant, the present editor of the *Athenæum*, will edit the journal after the proposed incorporation has been carried out."

THE *Englishman*—An impression has, we find, been created in some quarters, that we approve of Mr. Macpherson's appointment to the Legislative Deputy Secretaryship, because, in making the announcement, we said nothing about it. The fact is that we did so because we knew nothing of Mr. Macpherson, and we were anxious to give no opinion for which we had not sufficient warrant. We were also desirous to hear the independent opinion of the Bar upon the appointment. The silence which that body have as yet maintained is explained by the fact of the absence of nearly all its leading members. But we have now ascertained that there is but one feeling among them. Mr. Macpherson is allowed to be an estimable young man with, for his years, a fair share of the cautious good sense and intelligence which have been observed in senior members of the family. "In five years time, if he had a little business and worked hard, he might be fit to be an Assistant Secretary in the Department on half the pay they have given him," is the opinion of one careful critic; and this opinion is, we are disposed to think, not only the general one but very near the truth. The idea of his being in any way a substitute for Mr. Philips, or of his being valued by any rational process of calculation as equal to "four-sevenths" of that gentleman, is considered completely ridiculous. We see that the *Hindoo Patriot* denounces the appointment with much strength, but with equal reason, as a job pure and simple. We are afraid this cannot be gainsaid. There is also, it seems to us, cause for regret in connection with it in the fact that after what seemed an honest attempt to associate the Bar of India with the Legislative Department by the appointment of an experienced and sound practical lawyer to the Secretaryship, there should be such a complete relapse. The last state of that unfortunate department is truly worse than the first. Mr. Stokes would have found experienced and able men ready to fill the appointment, had he cared to find them. But he has preferred to favour a friend, and to show that a practical knowledge of law, of this or any other country, need be no factor in the processes of the Legislative Department. Many will say that this has long been apparent, but it is nevertheless a gross mistake. It is so all the more when the fact is trumpeted forth from the hill-tops by the head of the department.

THE Turkish fleet in the Black Sea has been diminished by the loss of a three-masted monitor. On Tuesday, as this vessel was near Sulina, it struck upon one of the torpedoes which the Russians had laid down there, blew up, and sank.

THE Turks have destroyed the bridge which they had begun to build near Silistria.

THE rumour that the Antonelli Will Case has been, or is likely to be, settled by compromise is unfounded. The Vatican Court is anxious to hush up the scandal, but the parties are resolved on war *à outrance*. The case will come into Court on the twelfth of November.

MEHEMET ALI owes, it is said at least in some measure, his disgrace to what is considered by the party now in power at the Sultan's Palace his un-Turkish and unorthodox readiness to give any opportunity for distinction to foreigners and Christians.

SOME changes of great importance are officially announced from the Russian head-quarters in Bulgaria. Prince Imeritinsky is taken from his army corps and made chief of the general staff of the Russo-Roumanian army. The Prince bears a very high reputation although he was only made a general of division a few weeks ago, and his advancement to a post of high responsibility was one of the measures earnestly recommended by the *Daily News'* special correspondent. Further, General Skobeleff has been appointed to the command of the 16th Division, and General Gourko to that of all the cavalry in the rear of Plevna.

A WRITER in *Vanity Fair* says :—I am assured though I cannot as yet believe it, that a solemn Court of English Officers have solemnly decided that one of their comrades has fulfilled the requirements and come up to the standard of an "officer," and yet that he has failed to fulfil the requirements and fallen below the standard of a "gentleman." The doctrine is thus laid down that conduct which is becoming an officer is not necessarily becoming a gentleman, or, in other words, that much more is to be expected of a gentleman than of an officer. This is quite a new admission, and, if it is to be supported, we may expect the old phrase "An officer and a gentleman," to be read thus—"An officer and yet a gentleman."

Vanity Fair wishes that his friends were better informed as to Lord Mayo's whereabouts. If it be true that he has been incarcerated in a lunatic asylum, it is high time that steps should be taken to inquire the motives for so summary a proceeding. Lord Mayo was, as those who knew him best aver, high-spirited, passionate, and headstrong, but that he would go out of his mind no one would have credited. Surely there are officers of both the 10th Hussars and the Grenadiers willing to come forward and unite in discovering the truth anent their former comrade's alleged aberration.

THE home papers are just now criticising the late Lord Lytton's play "The House of Darnley." As an apology for its defects it is stated that the play was left in an unfinished state, and that the whole of the last act has been furnished by Mr. Coghlan who was without other clue than his fancy could suggest as to the original design of the dramatist. One wonders why the present Viceroy did not complete the play. He was likely to know much more about his father's intentions than Mr. Coghlan.

IN the last number of the *Journal de Physique*, M. Javal contributes a paper on "Astigmatism." He believes that many more people suffer from this defect of vision than is usually supposed. They suffer without knowing it. He proposes as a very simple test of astigmatism that an equal number of lines of equal distances and equal thickness should be ruled vertically and horizontally on a sheet of paper side by side. After the lines have been looked at and the apparently more distinct fixed on, then the sheet should be turned 90 deg. The vertical lines then become horizontal, and it is a check against any inaccuracy in ruling if with the changed position the same result with regard to the then vertical and horizontal lines is noticed. When people are once convinced of their astigmatism, they probably want to be assisted by glasses. M. Javal points out how very few opticians know how to test the kind of glasses that is wanted, and after giving a series of mathematical calculations, furnishes a rule of thumb method. He draws a number of lines radiating from a point at fixed angular distances. These are to be looked at with a succession of lenses of different convexity, till only is reached which restores at a fixed distance the image which was lost to the naked eye. The paper is full of suggestions to those interested in this important subject.

ON Monday (says the *Athenæum* of the 13th October) was gathered, round a grave prematurely opened, a vast multitude to bid a last farewell to our eminent *prima donna*, who for more than eighteen years had been so intimately associated with the annals of the lyric drama and sacred music in this country: Theresa Tietjens, the illustrious artist whose talents secured the admiration of all lovers of art, and whose gentle and kind nature was ever ready to assist the needy, is at rest. Victim of a long and severe disease which baffled the skill and solicitude of those whose task it was to preserve so precious a life, she leaves a host of friends and admirers to bewail a loss that can hardly be repaired. Born in a country at all times fertile of genius in every art that tends to ennoble human nature, she possessed every gift needed to constitute the great and distinguished artist. With profound and sincere affliction we mourn her loss, but let us console ourselves with the reflection that as long as there are hearts to feel the sublime and sweet emotions which Art produces, so long will be cherished the dear remembrance of Theresa Tietjens.

THE last sensation in ballroom manners comes to the *World* from the Transvaal, our newly-annexed colony. The ball was given in honour of Sir Theophilus Shepstone. The ballroom was only eighteen feet by twelve, lighted by four candles on the wall, and a much smaller room opened out of it, lighted by two candles stuck into black bottles. The floor was of mud, and after each dance was profusely watered, till a perfect bog was made in one spot. The young ladies were prismatically gorgeous in their dresses. But the one great feature was that each of the chaperons had an infant on her lap, whom she openly and without disguise fed from Nature's font.

THAT great Baptist preacher in Liverpool, the Rev. Hugh Stowell Brown, is reported to have lately remarked in the course of a sermon, that Christ disposed of much flippant rubbish when he said, "The Sabbath was made for man, and not man for the Sabbath." This maxim, Mr. Brown conceived, "amply justified any poor, anxious farmer, in this wretched season, who was favoured with a bright Sunday in spending such a day in his fields saving his harvest, and so blessing God as sincerely as if he had spent the day in a church or chapel." Although this is practical wisdom, Sabbatarians will hardly thank Mr. Brown for it.

BOMBAY RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The officers entrusted with the arrangements connected with the Volunteer Corps seem to be going the right way to work to keep alive the interest of the members in the corps. For instance, the parade every Saturday evening on the Esplanade is one in which the members cannot fail to take pleasure. In fact, judging from the many recent additions to the ranks, it would appear to be an inducement to some to join the corps. Of course, the Volunteers cannot be expected to make a very good show before the public in such a short time, but perhaps they would do better and avoid a good many complaints among themselves if those who have not been a month in the corps and have not had sufficient squad and company drill were prevented from joining in the public parades. It is natural that the recruits should desire to be present, but out of regard for the good name of the corps they should have a little patience. Some of the old members, too (amongst them some officers), require a hint as regards regular attendance at the other drills. Every Saturday evening complaints are heard from Volunteers of the wrong movements of some who will not learn their drill.

WATCH.

II

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The battalion parade of the Volunteers last Saturday evening would certainly have been more satisfactory were it not for the fact that the men had to go through the various evolutions on ground cut up by small trenches and studded with large square boundary-stones, which occasioned scores of them stumbling into the one, and others striking their shins against the other class of these impediments, and thereby throwing their respective companies into disorder. It would not, therefore, be advisable to bring the men on the same piece of the Esplanade next Saturday evening. The ground lying between the Cosrgaon and the Bandstand, on which the corps were wont to drill, is now occupied by the Commander-in-Chief's staff. Would not the oval inside Rotton Row be the best place now to parade in? It is large, level, and has the advantage of being railed around. Those of the public who take a lively interest in the Volunteers could there more easily look on while the corps is being put through the various military movements, and the railings would keep the more enthusiastic amongst the spectators from encroaching upon the parade ground.

PRIVATE JONES.

THE METHODISTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—While deprecating the under-current of unkindness that is perceivable in your leader of yesterday, I concur with you in many of your statements. No one can doubt that Mr. Row's letter was a mistake, and Mr. Collins' one of bad taste, though doubtless written with a good intention; also your condemnation of the system of making sweeping generalisations from particular facts is in accordance with enlightened views, and such as might be expected from a journalist whose province is to be just and not partial. Giving you credit for being the former, I would correct the evident misapprehension you are under in the question of the Methodist discipline and which through your paper might become widespread. The Methodist discipline does not (as Mr. Row's letter, through want of preciseness led you to infer) cut off from its communion any who may have fallen, unless the wrong-doer persist in his wrong-doing. Under such circumstances I do not suppose you would advocate his retention. No body of Christians, be they Presbyterian, Baptist, or Congregationalist would tolerate it; nor could it be done without the demoralization of the Society. Moreover, you make a mistake when you assert that sinners converted are immediately received into the membership of the M. E. C., while those who fall are kept six months on probation. The fact is all who seek admission are required to be six months on probation, unless they come recommended from another Church, by a letter from its minister, the reason being that as they (Methodists) have no miraculous insight into men's hearts, they can only judge of its change by a change of life, and although reformation does not necessarily imply a change of heart, it is the best indication of it one can have, "ye shall know them by their fruits," and so it is adopted as a safeguard for the Society.

With reference to the Bandstand, and without seeking to palliate the guilt of the act, I would correct your information as to the facts. So far from refusing to provide for the girl he was willing to undertake her maintenance, did send her away to a distant school, where nothing was known about her; but he was unwilling that the money, necessary for this purpose, should be entirely under the control of her parent. The wisdom of his decision is manifest.

October 31. N.

THE MEN WHO MAKE MONEY OUT OF SPINNING MILLS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—To a superficial observer, Bombay, perhaps, would present the spectacle of a thriving commercial city full of the most enterprising citizens, and the numerous spinning mills and other manufactories would naturally lend a lustre to the delusion. But to those who are concerned as shareholders or otherwise with any of these mushroom institutions, experience tells a different tale. It would seem that if anybody profits by them, it is the secretaries or the treasurers who, as they dupe the poor shareholders with garbled reports and cooked up balance sheets, charge heavy commission for doing nothing or working the company at heavy losses. The shareholders generally are men of little or no intelligence who invest their money on the faith of any bazar gurgi that may happen to be in vogue, and are incapable of exercising the least check or supervision over the doings of arbitrary secretaries and treasurers.

A very apt illustration of these remarks is furnished by the present management of the Broach Mills Company, a report of whose proceedings at a general meeting appeared in an issue of your paper a few days back. At that meeting, as you will remember, Mr. Rahimtoola Mahomed Sayani and others indignantly, but very justly, remonstrated against the mismanagement of the so-called agents, Messrs. Merwanjee Framjee and Co., and the directors. But the remonstrances made at the public meeting only dimly foreshadows what in the background appears to be a sad state of mismanagement which must eventually lead to the ruin of the shareholders. For a series of years, some five and upwards, the concern has been under the present unfortunate management, and during all that period the shareholders have not had a pie of dividend on their investment. Though the company by the issue of several thousand new shares which were allotted at some Rs. 300, though the paid up amount of each share is only Rs. 150, the agents have contrived to run the affairs of the company to the extent of nearly 3½ lacs of rupees, and yet the agents have the audacity to play on the credulity of the poor shareholders by telling them in their last report that there is so much yet to be done by way of improving the machinery, &c. that they see no immediate prospect of declaring a dividend! On whom does the mill, then, exist? Not for the unfortunate shareholders but these wealthy so-called agents who fatten themselves at the expense of the poor shareholders at the rate of some ten or twelve thousand rupees per annum.

Let me ask my co-shareholders how long they are to tamely put up with such mismanagement which not only deprives them of a just return on their hard investments but which threatens to involve the company in hopeless ruin. It is time for the shareholders to bestir themselves and institute a searching enquiry into the causes of the present deplorable condition of the mills, and into the merits of the company's accounts. The agents stand condemned by their own report placed at the last meeting of the shareholders, and in suggesting that that they may be removed in favour of abler and more energetic management, I am only echoing the sentiments of the vast majority of the shareholders.

A POOR SHAREHOLDER.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

THE CHARM OF NOVELTY.—Whatever may be said of the Charm of Novelty, it is only after a preparation has stood the test of extensive use for a number of years that one can accord to it unlimited confidence. For 17 years "Rowland's" Macassar Oil has been extensively used all over the world, and abundant test mony is forthcoming as to its thorough efficiency in increasing the growth of the hair and producing a beautiful glossy appearance. The genuine Macassar Oil has in the bottle a glass stopper, and upon the wrapper the signature A. Rowland & Sons, in red ink. Buy only Rowlands': sold all over the world by chemists, druggists, bazaars, and storekeepers. Bombay wholesale and retail agents, THACKER & Co. Ld., Byculla and Fort, also at Poonah.

LIGHTS IN THE HARBOUR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Can any of your numerous readers inform me (in behalf of the cargo boatmen of Bombay) who the responsible party is that are supposed to see that the shipping in harbour have the regulation light up. It is time that this dangerous nuisance was put a stop to, for the nights are so dark that there is considerable risk of the cargo boats, which are obliged to cross and recross the harbour, running into the ships that have no lights up, and I may state that very few ships have any light up at all. If the cargo boats fail to have a light up when at anchor, they are pounced upon by the water police. Why don't these functionaries look after the big ships and steamers?

JACOB FAITHFULL.

CRUELTY TO A DOG.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—About midnight last Tuesday I was roused by a hideous noise arising from near my bedroom window, and on looking out I saw to my disgust a hoary-headed individual, with a candle in one hand and a thick stick in the other, mercilessly thrashing a puppy dog. The yells of the poor brute disturbed the whole neighbourhood; and one gentleman, no doubt disturbed from his slumbers like the writer, came on the scene of this cowardly action and reproved the *hero* of it. But he heedlessly continued his cruel blows for some time until he had been satisfied. The perpetrator of this cruelty should be prosecuted by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and by the police for creating so great a nuisance in the dead of night.

Meadow Street. PAX.

P. S.—The hero of this foul deed, I should mention, is a solicitor of the High Court.

BOMBAY.

THE Band of the Marine Battalion play at the Gymkhana this evening.

A REFRACTORY SEAMAN.—Andrew Caldwell, a seaman of the British ship Romeo, was yesterday sentenced to two weeks' hard labour in the House of Correction for wilful disobedience in refusing to do duty on board that ship, of which he is an articled seaman.

THE following programme of music will be played by the band of the 20th Regiment Native Infantry, at the Bandstand to-day at 5-45 p.m :—

Quick March.....	Thoughts of Home..... H. Millars.
Quadrille.....	La Vie Parisienne ..... Marriott.
Duet	I Brigande..... ..... Mercadante.
Valse.....	Feldalen Lieder ..... Gung'l.
Galop	Otto ..... Kuhner.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

FOUND DROWNED.—The inquest on the body of a Hindoo man, name unknown, who was found drowned in the Sankleo Tank at Byculla, was resumed yesterday. When the body was removed from the water, the wrists were found tied together with a piece of rope. The Coroner's surgeon, who made the *post mortem* examination of the body, was of opinion that death was caused by drowning, and that the rope could have been tied by the man himself. Thereupon the jury returned the following verdict, "That the death of the deceased was caused by his having committed suicide."

DISHONEST PORT TRUST PEONS.—Yesterday, at the Fort Police Court, two peons belonging to the Port Trust were charged by an Inspector of the Port Trust, before Mr. W. Webb, with criminal breach of trust in respect of annas ten and the other of annas three, the property of the Port Trust. The evidence for the prosecution went to show, that it was the duty of the prisoners to collect tolls from the cart drivers on behalf of the Port Trust, and place the collections in a box set apart for that purpose, whereas they collected the tolls and appropriated to the aforesaid amounts to their own use. They were both adjudged guilty, and each sentenced to three weeks' hard labour in the Common Jail.

A GANG of Mahomedan coiners have been committed to the next Criminal Sessions by Mr. Plunkett, the Poona City Magistrate.

H. M.'s 5TH N. L. I.—We are to lose the 5th Regiment Native Infantry after all. The cases of men suffering from fever in H. M.'s 19th N. I. are lessening every day, and the regiment will come to Poona on the 11th instant, to take the place of H. M.'s 5th Regiment which will leave Poona in the course of this week. We are very sorry that the 5th Regiment is to leave Poona; but we shall be glad to see H. M.'s 19th back to the station after so many years' absence.—*Deccan Herald.*

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

INSPECTION BY H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

THE Volunteers will be inspected on parade this afternoon by their honorary Colonel, H. E. Sir Richard Temple, K. C. B., Governor of Bombay. We are sure every Volunteer who can will attend, and it is to be hoped that employers will give their "young men" every facility to be present. Major Layard will also inspect the corps for the last time before making over his command to Lt. Col. Sexton.

AN EVENING PARTY AT SIR MUNGULDAS NATHOOBHOY'S RESIDENCE.

AN evening party, the invitations to which were issued in the names of Baboos Brojendra Koomar Roy, Shishir Koomar Ghosh, and Kalicharan Bannerjee (at present in Bombay) was held on Thursday last at the Sirgaum residence of Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Knight, C.S.I., with the object of meeting Sir Richard Temple, who returned here that day after a stay during the rains in the capital of the Deccan. The excellent garden grounds of the residence were effectively illuminated in a variety of ways. Gas moons encircled the parapet of the mountain which rises in the middle of the gardens, while groups of little children, dressed in silks and satins embroidered with gold lace, laughed and smiled in the gravel walks around, amidst a scene of innocence and pleasure appropriately their own. They had other shares in their joys;—for at the windows of a small bungalow within the compound could be seen the faces of their mothers, grand-dames, and other female relatives, who themselves took a delight in gazing on the brilliant scene which the gardens and the equipages of the visitors presented. Hundreds of coloured lights, forming artistic designs, were scattered throughout the grounds, while Chinese and coloured lanterns helped to extend the brilliancy of the scene up amongst the branches of the trees in the garden. Before 9 o'clock the visitors began to come in in such numbers that the police superintendent of the division found it necessary to take the rather arbitrary—but perhaps excusable—course of closing the roads to all public conveyances, although there were bodies of foot and mounted police to keep them clear. The trio of Baboos above named as well as Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy and Mr. Venayek Wasudeo, Oriental Translator to Government, received the visitors at the landing stairs, and little young men of Sir Munguldas's family conducted them up the grand staircase, at the top of which they were welcomed by another Baboo (the editor, we believe of the *Amrita Bazar Patrika,*) who led them into the large hall, in which the reception was held. Many of them passed on to the square verandahs in the front, where a full view could be obtained of the surprise which Sir Munguldas, at a day's notice, had prepared for His Excellency the Governor in the shape of the brilliant scene within and without, which delighted the visitors at every point. Among those present to meet His Excellency were observed Sir Grant, Baronet, Municipal Commissioner, Captain Souter, Captain Portman, Dr. Weir, Messrs. Geary, Kirkham, Curwen, Wood, Cleveland, Peterson, the Rev. Messrs. Bowen, Stothert, Greaves, Blake, Parke, Hume, and Dhunjeebhoy Nowrojee, the Hon'ble Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, Messrs. Raghunath Narayan Khote, V. R. Lamsonjee, Janardhun Gopal, Rao Mungeen Wagle, Govind Krishna, Sunderrao Raghunathjee, Hurrichund Sadashewjee, Javerilal Umiashunker, Mansookhram Surajram, Rao Saheb Macoondrao, Rao Bahadoor Gunputrao Bhasker, Dr. Atmaram Pandurang, Dr. Succaram Arjoon, Messrs. K. C. Bedarkur, Kasinath T. Telang, R. G. Bhandarkar, Framjee Cowasjee, Pocoonjee Edulji, Dadabhoy Hurjibhoy, Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel, Nowrojee Furdoonjee, S. N. Cooper, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, K. R. Cama, K. M. Shroff, Edulji Rustomjee, Byramjee Dadabhoy, N. R Banina, Nusserwanjee Chandabhoy, K. N. Kabrajee, Dr. Byramjee Nowrojee, Khan Bahadoor Hormusjee Mancherjee Ardaseir Framjee Moos, Cowasjee Manockjee Limjee, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, Messrs. F. R. Vicajee, Bomanjee M. Punthakee, His Highness Jenghi Shah, and many others. Sir Richard Temple, accompanied by Captain Anderson, Dr Waters, and Mr. Mackenzie, Under-Secretary, arrived at the mansion at 9 o'clock and was led into the hall of reception, where many of those present were introduced by Sir Munguldas to His Excellency. The formal business of introduction being over, His Excellency walked around the hall; and after a short time, invited the chief European and native gentlemen to the centre of the hall, and before a group was formed.

HIS EXCELLENCY, addressing Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy, said—He had been commanded through Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to present to Sir Munguldas a medal from His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and had also been commanded to take a suitable opportunity of presenting it with such a degree of publicity as befitted the value of the honour to be bestowed; and His Excellency thought the present occasion, when there was a gathering of his native friends from Calcutta, was suitable for the purpose. It was scarcely necessary for His Excellency to descant on the high character Sir Munguldas had always borne as a citizen and the services he had rendered not only to members of his own community, but to the whole city of Bombay; or to descant on the happy circumstance that he had distinguished himself by the active and intelligent assistance he had rendered to the cause of reform and of enlightened progress among members of his community. It is well known that he came from the richest class of native traders in Guzerat—one of the finest and fertile parts of British India; and he (Sir Richard) need scarcely remark that, of this excellent class of traders, Sir Munguldas had shown himself to be a most worthy representative. Besides this, his family had been connected with the earliest British settlements in this country; whilst he himself had long been known—and favourably known—for his acquirements in European culture, his breadth of views, and his sympathy with the progress of his country—as testified by his services to his country as chairman of the Bombay Association for many years and as one of the trusted Councillors of his Excellency's distinguished predecessors in the office of Governor of this Presidency. He (Sir Munguldas) had also been connected with many forms of benevolence not only in this city such as the works of benevolence not only in this city such as the Bombay Hospital, but also beyond it, and travellers from all parts of India were acquainted with the dispensary at Callian which bears his name. His name was also connected with works of charity for the poorer classes of his countrymen, done in so unostentatious a way that it might be said his left hand knew not what his right hand did. With Sir Munguldas's accomplishments—social, political, and municipal—His Excellency thought he need scarcely say that this medal from His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, which he should presently have the pleasure of presenting, could hardly have been more worthily bestowed than upon him (Sir Munguldas). Although the medal was to be presented more than a year after the event to commemorate which it was first instituted, His Excellency said he might, in presenting it, congratulate Sir Munguldas and all natives of this country on the bounty which Providence had sent to them after a time of unexampled severity and trouble. Having but recently come through the heart of the districts affected by famine, His Excellency might congratulate them on the fact which he had noticed that verdure was again gladdening the soil everywhere, and that the plough was again busy at its work. (Cheers). They have had such plentiful rains that they had now to ask Providence only for little more sunshine to let the crops ripen into maturity. With these congratulations, His Excellency said he would decorate Sir Munguldas's breast with the medal which he had been commanded to present to him. His Excellency was sure the ceremony of the evening would be gratefully appreciated and tend to perpetuate among the natives of this city the memory of the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales. (Applause).

SIR MUNGULDAS NATHOOBHOY, in reply to His Excellency, said—I request your Excellency to do me the favour to convey to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales my grateful thanks for the medal which you have presented to me on behalf of His Royal Highness as a fresh token of his extreme kindness towards me, and which I shall always preserve with pride as a memento of the visit paid to India by our future king. I beg to tender my obligations to your Excellency for the highly flattering terms in which you have been pleased to describe the humble services rendered by me in the discharge of duties which I owed to the State and to the public. It is a source of gratification to me to find that my humble efforts have been appreciated by an able and distinguished administrator and statesman like your Excellency. (Applause.)

Captain Anderson, aide-de-camp, pinned the medal to Sir Munguldas's left breast, and the ceremony of presentation concluded. The company soon afterwards adjourned to the refreshment-tables laid in another room, where the "good things of life" exhilarated the spirits and quickened the genial flow of hospitality. His Excellency and staff, decorated with bouquets and garlands of flowers, left shortly after 10 o'clock. The rest of the company dispersed about midnight.

AN ADDRESS TO SIR RICHARD TEMPLE FROM THE INHABITANTS OF CALCUTTA.

YESTERDAY afternoon at 1 o'clock, a deputation of the inhabitants of Calcutta and the Mofussil of Bengal, consisting of Baboos Brojendra Koomar Roy, Shishir Koomar Ghosh, and Kalicharan Bannerjee, who arrived in Bombay about a fortnight ago, waited upon Sir Richard Temple in the Council Hall of the New Secretariat to present to His Excellency an address from the inhabitants of the sister Presidency, in acknowledgment of the benefits accruing to them from His Excellency's late administration as Lieutenant Governor of Bengal. Besides Sir Richard, there were present on the occasion Sir Frank Souter, Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy, the Hon'ble Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, the Hon'ble M. A. Rogay, the Hon'ble Sorabjee Shapurjee Bengalee, Mr. Mackenzie, Under-Secretary, Dr. Waters, and Captain Anderson, aide-de-camp.

The deputation, on being introduced by Captain Anderson, stood facing His Excellency at the northern end of the Council Hall, when Baboo Shishir Koomar Ghosh read the following address which had been signed by about 20,000 persons :—

To His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir RICHARD TEMPLE, Bart., K.C.S.I., Governor of Bombay.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY.—We the undersigned inhabitants of Calcutta and the Mofussil of Bengal, take the liberty of approaching your Excellency with the following grateful acknowledgment of benefit accruing to our country from your late administration of our Provinces as Lieutenant-Governor. We were in hopes that we would have an opportunity of presenting this acknowledgment to your Excellency in the capital of our own provinces, but the same exigencies of the sister presidencies which had suddenly called away from Bengal appear to have prevented your contemplated visit to Bengal last spring. We have therefore no other alternative now left us than to transmit this expression of our sentiments through the columns of our body. Considering the peculiar conjuncture of events under which your immediate retirement from Bengal had become necessary, it would be useless, if not indecorous, on our part to express regret at a boon which has proved the gain of a sister presidency. We must, however, express our respectful congratulations on Her Majesty's gracious recognition of your services in our part of the country, and your Excellency's consequent transfer to a presidency where, under difficulties and perplexities of a natural calamity, your extensive and varied experience of India must render your directing and controlling hand a special blessing at the present moment. But though it may be indecorous to repine at or lose under present circumstances, yet free expression may be allowed to us of grateful reminiscences of the past. We cannot forget the deep attention your Excellency paid to the material prosperity of the Provinces entrusted to your care, the development of their natural resources, the mutual relation of landlord and tenant, the protection of the weak against the strong, the settlement by a wise rent-law of questions between zemindars and ryots, admitting of the best and fullest enjoyment of their rights on

added; the second horse to receive 10 per cent., and the third five per cent. on the whole stake. A. F. 268 subs., 43 of whom declared 4 sovs. ft.

Mr. J. B. Houldsworth's Springfield, by St. Alban's—
Viridis, 4 yrs. 8st. 4lb. Cannon 1
Lord Falmouth's Silvio, 3 yrs, 8st. 6lb. F. Archer 2
Lord Falmouth's Great Tom, 4 yrs, 9st. 4lb. C. Archer... 3
Duke of Hamilton's Midlothian, 3 yrs, 8st. 6lb. Lemaire. 0
Mr. C. Alexander's Thunderstone, 3 yrs, 8st. 6lb. Goater. 0
Lord Lonsdale's Hesper, 4 yrs, 9st. 4lb. Custance 0
Mr. C. Blanton's Duchess of Cambridge, 3 yrs, 8st. 3lb. Hopkins 0
Lord Bradford's Zucchero, 3 yrs, 8st. 6lb. Constable..... 0

Betting.—11 to 8 each agst Springfield and Silvio, 10 to 1 agst Hesper, and 100 to 8 agst Zucchero.

Great Tom, to serve Silvio, was sent along at his best pace directly the flag fell. He speedily obtained a clear lead of his stable companion, to whom succeeded Springfield, close up on his left, with Zucchero on the extreme right, some distance in advance of Midlothian, on the left, and Hesper in the centre of the course, Thunderstone and Duchess of Cambridge being out of the race before a quarter of a mile had been covered. Before reaching the T.Y.C. winning-post, Zucchero was in hopeless difficulties, and soon afterwards Silvio and Springfield raced past Great Tom and drew away, having the race to themselves. Rising out of the dip Silvio held a slight lead, and it appeared likely to be a good race. Springfield, however, closed with him, at the distance, and, pulling over him, drew away and won easily by a length. Great Tom was a bad third; then, half-a-dozen lengths off, came Thunderstone, as far in advance of Midlothian, Zucchero, and Hesper, Duchess of Cambridge being last.

GREAT PEDESTRIAN FEAT IN ENGLAND.

WILLIAM GALE, of Cardiff, who has been tolling round the running-track at Lillie-bridge night and day during the past six weeks, brought his self-imposed task to a successful termination on Saturday afternoon, and is now the hero of a feat unparalleled in the annals of pedestrianism. Previous to the appearence in this country of Weston, long-distance walking was seldom indulged in, and such tests of physical endurance as those to which we have of late been treated were extremely rare. The six days' match at the Agricultural Hall between O'Leary and Weston was productive of performances which a few months previously would have been deemed impossible. Much was written at the time in praise of these two Transatlantic rivals, and the only event which could be compared to their wonderful walk was the famous 1,000 miles match of Capt. Barclay, which took place at Newmarket so far back as 1809. That marvellous Scotch athlete backed himself for 1000gs. to walk 1000 miles in 1000 hours, walking one mile during each hour. He was successful in his attempt, although his victory was in a great measure due to his procuring longer intervals of rest by walking two miles at one start, beginning at the third quarter of one hour and continuing with the next mile without stopping. Even then his victory was nothing like a certainty during the last day, and pistols had to be fired at his ears to keep him awake whilst walking. The gallant captain had nearly eight months' preparatory training before beginning the task, and some idea of the arduous nature of it may be gathered from the fact that he lost upwards of two stone in weight during the accomplishment. Many have since laid claim to having successfully performed a similar feat, but a properly authenticated record could never be furnished. It does seem curious that what remained for upwards of half a century unequalled should now be easily surpassed, and that by a person whose appearance and physique do not point to athletic excellence in their owner. But facts are stubborn things, and cannot be got over. Capt. Barclay, a magnificent specimen of the genus homo, upwards of 6ft. in height, and 13st. in weight when thirty years of age, walked 1000 miles in 1000 hours. William Gale, a comparatively insignificant-looking individual, 5ft. 3¾in. in height, 8st. 4lb. in weight, and forty-five years of age, has walked 1500 miles in 1000 hours. Wonders most assuredly will never cease, for not only has Gale walked half a mile more per hour than did the captain, but he began each instalment of his task at the commencement of every sixty minutes.

Gale, whose name will now be handed down to posterity as a pedestrian celebrity, has for years past been walking exhibition matches in the provinces, but little heed was paid to the wonderful feats which he was said to have accomplished. This is an age of unbelief, and Gale's performances were openly doubted. Even when a month or two since he walked at Cardiff 4500 quarter miles in 4900 ten minutes there was a shade of doubt attached to it. Convinced, however, of his own integrity and his ability to excel all previous feats, he determined to attempt in the metropolis the task just completed. There was no money stake at issue, all that he wanted was to convince the world of that about which he himself had no doubt. Arrangements were promptly made, five well-known judges were appointed, and a most exact and careful record was taken of the entire proceedings. The result has been *that not even the shadow of a doubt can attach to the genuine nature* of the unprecedented feat.

Each day since 27th August last has Gale's daily progress been recorded in our columns, and it is to a great extent unnecessary to dwell upon that part of the tale which has been already told. After the first few days he got a hut erected at the side of the track, from which he commenced each journey, and into which he went when each was concluded. Three-fourths of the time little interest was taken in the affair, and the plucky fellow went through the greater part of his undertaking without a cheering word from spectators, who were select indeed till the last week. Then it became known that his chances of success were great, and increased numbers of visitors found their way to Brompton. A week past on Friday his prospects were suddenly reduced to zero; he became much troubled by various veins in one of his legs; and the following day a swelling in his groin almost rendered him *hors de combat*; but on Sunday he recovered, and his 1000th mile and a half was accomplished in the quickest time of any, viz., 15min. 14sec. That extra exertion appears to have told, and he again became queer, and it was only by means of careful nursing that he was carried through. On Friday night when our last bulletin was given his success seemed assured, and accordingly Lillie-bridge Grounds on Saturday afternoon presented a scene which will not readily be forgotten by those who witnessed it. Close upon 10,000 people were within the gates, and excitement and enthusiasm were alike keen. During his 999th hour he trudged along apparently wearied and with a stiff gait, but precisely to the bell ring at five o'clock he commenced his final mile and half. Beginning slowly, he gradually warmed to his work, and encouraged by the deafening applause which greeted every step of his progress he finished the 1500th mile at a pace which found out the weak points of those who accompanied him. Shout after shout filled the air, and the most composed of the thousands present seemed to be the quiet inoffensive person who was the hero of the ovation. After a little time he was pilloried in his dressing-room in the pavilion, and the immense crowd began to disperse, scarcely able to realise the greatness of the feat of which they had just seen the termination. Gale was almost immediately examined by Dr. Gant, of the Royal Free Hospital in the presence of Dr. M'Oscar, of Argyll-street, and Dr. Farr, of Earl's Court-road, the judges also being in the room at the time. The following is the report:—"Profuse perspiration—complexion quite natural—pulse 88, regular, and compressible—temperature 106 deg.—heart natural, both in force and regularity of action—no murmurs at either base or apex—pupils of the eyes equal—the inner surface of the lids slightly congested—eye-balls quite clear, pupils naturally and act under the influence of light—no headache, and perfectly rational—slight cough—varicose veins back of calf of left leg—one spot very thin—external saphœna—right leg unaffected—no swelling of legs, knees, or ankle joints—one slight blister on ball of great toe of right foot—no excoriation—toes bend readily back. At the expiration of twenty minutes the temperature of the axilla was 100—pulse not up to normal state. Five minutes later the temperature was reduced to 97°. Wrights, Sec." Yesterday we believe, he slept well and ate well, and no ill effects are expected from his superhuman exertions. We may mention that throughout the walk Gale's meals were taken at no fixed hours, nor did he restrict himself to any fixed diet. Whatever he fancied he was supplied with; mutton chops were most frequently resorted to, but his four o'clock meal on Saturday morning consisted, curious to relate, of a lobster and bread and butter, followed by a fried sole, and, washed down by some tea. Beer was the principal liquor taken during the six weeks.

The present task has been accomplished with such comparative ease that its greatness is apt to be overlooked. Weston, O'Leary and Capt. Barclay are all thrown into the shade, and William Gale, of Cardiff, must be credited with having exhibited the greatest amount of physical endurance during this or any other age, not even excepting the wonderful Channel swim of Capt. Webb. This seems to be the age of progress, and when or where these wonderful feats will end no one can say. Even this latest accomplishment may soon be eclipsed, but that is no reason why what is at present an unprecedented and undreamt-of feat should not meet with its due meed of praise. There are, of course, croakers who will say cui bono? and characterise the performance as useless, if not cruel. To all, however, it must be satisfactory to know that in these times of luxury and self-indulgence, muscle, stamina, and British pluck have not deteriorated, and that both in pedestrian excellence and physical endurance the present generation can compare more than favourably with any preceding one.

Gale has succeeded in the task he set himself, but it is doubtful whether much pecuniary benefit will accrue to himself from it. He is a great walker, but a bad caterer for public approval. Of circus tricks and advertising advantages he is totally ignorant; he played no cornet and gave no orations; his thoughts were entirely of the great feat in which he was engaged, and not of the applause of the public; and he has been more demonstrative and less unassuming his exchequer might have showed more satisfactory results. A subscription has been started by Sir John Astley on behalf of the plucky pedestrian, and we shall be glad to acknowledge any contributions which may be sent us in furtherance of the object.—*Sportsman, Oct. 8.*

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OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

(*Madras Athenæum.*)

The issue of this Guide for the current month (August, 1877,) is as complete and well got up as the previous numbers. It contains information of inestimable value to travellers by railway—and, indeed, to all travellers in India. The well executed coloured map of India is a very useful addition to the Guide. The completeness and variety of the contents of this publication reflect the greatest credit on those who had the arduous duty of collecting so much correct information.

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OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

(*Times, Aug. 9, 1877.*)

MACLEAN'S "GUIDE TO BOMBAY" has reached a second edition within the first year of its publication. It is one of the most scholarly and carefully prepared guide books it has ever been our pleasure to examine. Bombay is indeed a city of singular interest, as well from its beauty and importance of its geographical position as its physical and political history. Bombay, the modern emporium of the commerce of Europe and Southern Asia, represents the mediæval city of Tannah on the Tannah River, of which Bombay harbour is the estuary, and the more famous ancient city of Callian still higher up the river. In fact, as the Tannah River silted up, the great Indian emporium of the seaborne trade between Asia and Europe and Africa had to be successively changed from Callian to Tannah, and from Tannah to Bombay. There is thus a complete parallelism between the geology of the Tannah River and the history of India. Callian representing the Hindu, Tannah the Mahomedan, and Bombay the European period of Indian history. With such a physical and historical pedigree, Bombay and its neighbourhood cannot fail to abound in facts, the "long results of time," of the profoundest interest, and the highest praise we can give to "Maclean's Guide" is, that it is worthy of the city it so pleasantly and accurately describes.

(*Civil and Military Gazette.*)

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